WYKE SIXTH FORM COLLEGE REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL, BOARD OF GOVERNORS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

Key management personnel

Key management personnel are defined as members of the College Senior Leadership Team and were represented by the following in 2021/22:

P J Britton

Principal; Accounting Officer

P J Peaks

Deputy Principal

T J Parker

Vice Principal

C Herring

Vice Principal Assistant Principal

M S Lucid J Anderson

HR Manager

Board of Governors

A full list of Governors is given on pages 12 and 13 of these financial statements.

F Bagchi acted as Clerk to the Corporation throughout the period.

Professional advisers

Financial statements auditors and reporting accountants:

Smailes Goldie

Regents Court

Princess Street

Hull

HU28BA

Internal auditors

Audit One

Tranfield Lea Business Centre

Tranfield Lea

Stanley

Durham, DH9 9DB

Bankers

Barclays Bank plc 2 Humber Quays Wellington Street West

Hull

HU1 2BN

Lloyds Banking Group plc

2nd Floor

14 Church Street

Sheffield

South Yorkshire

\$1 1HP

Solicitors

Eversheds LLP Eversheds House 70 Great Bridgewater Street Manchester, M1 5ES

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for the year ended 31 July 2022

REPORT OF THE GOVERNING BODY

Nature, Objectives and Strategies

The members present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2022.

Legal status

The Corporation was established under the Further and Higher Education Act 1992 for the purposes of conducting Wyke Sixth Form College. The College is an exempt charity for the purposes of Part 3 of the Charities Act 2011.

The College was incorporated as Wyke Sixth Form College.

Background of the College

Wyke Sixth Form College was established in 1988. The growth of the College has been significant to the extent that it now recruits around 50% of its students from the East Riding of Yorkshire, North Yorkshire and North Lincolnshire. Some students travel up to 30 miles to attend Wyke.

Wyke is on the western edge of the historic city of Hull and is close to both the rural and coastal parts of the East Riding of Yorkshire. However, the College still draws strongly from deprived areas of Hull, so that the student body represents a good cross section of the community.

The College is a principal partner of the University of Hull.

Mission

The College's mission as approved by its members is:

"Inspire and support all students to achieve exceptional success".

Public Benefit

Wyke Sixth Form College is an exempt charity under Part 3 of the Charities Act 2011 and is regulated by the Secretary of State for Education for Sixth Form Colleges. The members of the Governing Body, who are trustees of the Charity, are disclosed on pages 10-11.

In setting and reviewing the College's strategic objectives, the Governing Body has had due regard for the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit and particularly upon its supplementary guidance on the advancement of education. The guidance sets out the requirement that all organisations wishing to be recognised as charities must demonstrate, explicitly, that their aims are for the public benefit.

In delivering its mission, the College provides the following identifiable public benefits through the advancement of education:

- High-quality teaching
- Widening participation and tackling social exclusion
- · Excellent employment record for students by providing employability skills
- Strong student support systems
- · Links with Higher Education, employers, industry and commerce
- Links with Local Enterprise Partnerships (LEPs)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

REPORT OF THE GOVERNING BODY (CONTINUED)

For the benefit of the local community, the College:

- · Hosts apprenticeships and provides work experience
- Provides employment for the local community
- Holds theatre and music productions which the local community can attend
- Hires out the College facilities for the use of local community clubs and societies

The delivery of public benefit is covered throughout the Report of the Governing Body.

Implementation of strategic plan

The College has developed a Strategic Plan with the aim to embody the characteristics of an Outstanding College. The College is to be an exceptional provider of academic education for those who aspire to progress into professional occupations. Specialists in education and experiences for 16-19 year olds from Hull and the Humber region. We inspire students to make more progress than they thought themselves capable of in an environment of supported independence.

The values that underpin the aims of the College are:

- Pride
- · Academic excellence
- · Thriving in a caring community
- Ready for the world

The Corporation monitors the performance of the College against the strategic priorities set out in the plan, which are:

- The Wyke experience
- · The best outcomes for students, driven by teaching, learning and pastoral excellence
- The People to make this happen
- · Healthy and safe
- · Resourced sustainably
- · Effective systems and processes
- · External relationships that make a difference

Financial objectives

The College wishes to remain financially sound so as to:

- · Generate sufficient income to enable continued maintenance and improvement of all teaching and support facilities
- · Protect itself from unforeseen adverse changes in student enrolment
- · Maintain the confidence of the Education and Skills Funding Agency, bankers, auditors and external suppliers

Performance indicators

The College is committed to observing the importance of sector measures and indicators and uses the FE Choices data available on the GOV.UK website, which looks at measures such as success rates. The College is required to complete the annual College Financial Forecasting Return for the Education and Skills Funding Agency ("ESFA"). The College Financial Forecasting Return generates numerous ratios covering liquidity, cash generation, gearing, margin, income, expenditure and staff costs. The overall financial health grading of the College for 2021/22 is based on the following measures:

Ratio	Budgetary targets	Actual for 2021/22
Adjusted current ratio	1.32%	1.69%
EBITDA as a % of income – education specific	9.15%	9.09%
Borrowing as a % of income	23.41%	22.42%

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for the year ended 31 July 2022

REPORT OF THE GOVERNING BODY (CONTINUED)

Based on the above ratios the College's calculated financial health rating for 2021/22 is Outstanding and the College expects at a rating of Good for 2022/23.

The College also uses a number of additional internal key performance indicators to track its financial performance; these are shown in the following table:

Key performance indicator	Budgetary targets	Actual for 2021/22
ESFA income as a % of total income	94.27%	94.37%
Pay expenditure (excluding restructuring costs) as a % of income (excluding capital grants)	69.90%	69.47%
Operating margin as a % of income	5.27%	5.63%
Cash days in hand	55	54
Borrowing as a % of net assets (excluding pension liability and capital grants)	16.06%	15.78%

Financial Position

Financial results

The College has declared an operating surplus of £157,000 (2020/21 surplus £246,000) after charging depreciation of £699,000 (2020/21: £709,000).

The College has accumulated income and expenditure reserves of £3,161,000 as at 31 July 2022 (2021: £940,000). Capital expenditure during the year was £639.000 (2020/21: £420,000). The main elements of capital expenditure were on a site expansion project and computer equipment.

The Corporation values the staff of the College. As a result, the Corporation are pleased to be able to financially reward all their staff at the highest possible salary level within the constraints imposed by the ESFA level of funding and the nationally negotiated settlements.

The College has significant reliance on the ESFA for its principal funding source, largely from recurrent grants. In 2021/22, the ESFA provided 94.37 % of the College's total income.

Treasury policies and objectives

Treasury management is the management of the College's cash flows, its banking, and capital market transactions; the effective control of the risks associated with those activities; and the pursuit of optimum performance consistent with those risks.

The College has a separate treasury management policy in place. Short-term borrowing for temporary revenue purposes is authorised by the Accounting Officer. All other borrowing requires the authorisation of the Corporation.

With the introduction of the Education Act 2011, the College now has increased freedom in terms of borrowings and will no longer have to obtain the consent of the relevant body. However, any decisions to undertake future borrowings would only be taken after proper consultation by Senior Leadership Team within the College and with the prior approval of the College Corporation.

Cash flows and liquidity

The College's cash position as at 31 July 2022 was £1,702,000 (2021: £1,365,000). The College generated cash from operations of £1,398,000 in 2021/22 (2020/21 £1,381,000) and aims to keep cash reserves sufficient to cover the pay costs and non-pay costs for at least the next month.

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The size of the College's total borrowing and its approach to interest rates have been calculated to ensure a reasonable cushion between the total cost of servicing debt and operating cash flow. During the year, this margin was comfortably exceeded.

REPORT OF THE GOVERNING BODY (CONTINUED)

Reserves policy

The College recognises the importance of reserves in the financial stability of any organisation and ensures that there are adequate reserves to support the College's core activities. The College maintains cash reserves to cover the pay and non-pay costs for at least the next month. As at the balance sheet date the Income and Expenditure reserve stands at £3,161,000 (2021: £940,000). In line with the strategic plan, the reserve is forecast to increase by £484,000 in 2022/23.

Current and Future Development and Performance

Student numbers and achievements

The College is funded according to the level of activity generated each year. In 2021/22, the College achieved Learner Numbers of 2,119 (16-19 learners). For 2021/22 students numbers had been controlled to manage any disruption caused by expansion works on the site. Based on enrolment activity levels it is anticipated that learner numbers will exceed the target level of 2,185 for 2022/23.

The College continues to perform in the top 10% of all sixth form providers nationally. In 2022 A level students achieved the greatest number of high grades in the College's history and pass rates remained above 99% across all courses. As a result, students progress onto the most aspirational of degree and employment routes such as the 25 students who have progressed to Oxbridge over the last 3 years.

The College offers additional support to mainstream students with sensory impairment, dyslexia, physical, psychological and other specific learning needs.

Events after the end of the reporting period

No significant post-balance sheet events.

Future prospects

The College has an excellent local reputation and has shown a strong pattern of managed growth. It is established as a College of approximately 2,250 full time students with a curriculum that suits the needs of students, the local community and national aims. Achievement rates, value added and progression data are all excellent and the College remains the 'preferred choice' for students. Careful analysis of demographics within our travel to learn area shows growth for the next five years, followed by a small decline. Therefore, the College is well placed to maintain, if not grow from its current size and expects to offer a very similar curriculum over this period.

Resources

The College has various resources that it can deploy in pursuit of its strategic objectives.

Tangible resources include the main College site.

Financial

The College has £4.59m of net assets and reported long-term debt of £2.59m.

Cash

The College has cash resources of £1.702m.

People

The College employs 202 people (expressed as full time equivalents 160), of whom 112 (95 FTE) are teaching staff.

Reputation and student numbers

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for the year ended 31 July 2022

The College has a good reputation locally and nationally. Maintaining a quality brand is essential for the College's success at attracting students and external relationships. This good reputation is reflected by the number of students attending the College, which for 2022/23 is approximately 2,250 students.

REPORT OF THE GOVERNING BODY (CONTINUED)

Principal risks and uncertainties

The College continues to develop and embed the system of internal control, including financial, operational and risk management, which is designed to protect the College's assets and reputation.

Based on the strategic plan, the Senior Leadership Team undertakes a comprehensive review of the risks to which the College is exposed. They identify systems and procedures, including specific preventable actions, which should mitigate any potential impact on the College. The internal controls are then implemented and the subsequent year's appraisal will review their effectiveness and progress against risk mitigation actions. In addition to the annual review, the Senior Leadership Team will also consider any risks that may arise because of a new area of work being undertaken by the College.

Individual Risk Registers for seven strategic risk areas have been compiled by members of the Senior Leadership Team. The risk registers identify the key risks, the likelihood of those risks occurring, their potential impact on the College and the actions being taken to reduce and mitigate the risks. Risks are prioritised using a consistent scoring system based on likelihood and consequence. The highest scoring risks are escalated to the strategic risk register, which is presented to each meeting of the Audit Committee; the full risk register is presented annually to the Audit Committee.

The seven strategic risk areas are:

- Governance and Leadership
- Student experience well being
- Staffing engagement, performance & recruitment
- · Quality of Student Outcomes
- Finance
- Infrastructure
- · External factors, such as regulators or other stakeholders

Governance & leadership

Not all the factors are within the College's control and other factors may adversely affect the College. Outlined below is a description of the principal risks and uncertainties:

1. Student Recruitment and Tuition Fees

The College is reliant on its 16-19 student numbers as its main source of revenue. It continues to seek innovative ways of marketing to compete with increased competition from schools in the East Riding that have their own sixth forms and other Colleges locally who are now seeking to sustain their own provision. In recent years, Wyke has rapidly grown because of excellent academic results and the complete redevelopment of the College and its facilities. The areas from which students are recruited continue to expand and the transport provided has grown to service this demand. The success of the College combined with effective marketing tactics, means that recruitment continues to be healthy. Enrolment in September 2022 was at a level that indicates that student numbers at the 2022 census date will be at the College's capacity. The College will continue to seek ways to maintain its 16-19 student numbers in order to minimise the impact any changes in funding will have on its recurrent income.

In line with the majority of other Colleges, Wyke College increased its tuition fees in accordance with the rising fee assumptions. This had only a small impact on the College, as the majority of its students qualify for fee remission and are fully funded by the ESFA.

2. Infrastructure & Delivery of the College Estate Strategy

As the College reached capacity in terms of student numbers, consideration was given to expansion of the site in terms of classroom space and refectory and library areas in order to provide more teaching, recreational and study space for students. In October 2021, the College was informed that it had been successful in its bid to secure, by way of the Post-16 Capacity Fund, a grant of £3.6m to support the funding of a building expansion project. The grant receivable represents

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97% of the total cost of the project with the College contribution being £100k (3%). Once the expansion project is complete in early 2023 it will enable the College to increase student numbers going forward.

The Capital Plan is developed annually by the Senior Leadership Team scrutinising bids from budget holders across the College. This ensures that the infrastructure, including the IT replacement programme, is maintained at an appropriate level.

REPORT OF THE GOVERNING BODY (CONTINUED)

Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)

3. External factors & Government funding

The College is aware of several issues, which may affect future funding, including the removal of funding for BTEC qualifications. The College, in conjunction with its key stakeholders, is developing a strategy to address such issues, starting with the introduction of T-Level courses.

The College has considerable reliance on continued government funding through the further education sector funding body. In 2021/22, 93% of the College's revenue was ultimately public funded and this level of requirement is expected to continue. There can be no assurance that government policy or practice will remain the same or that public funding will continue at the same levels or on the same terms.

Uncertainties exist in the future valuation of the Local Government Pension Fund in terms of the actuary's assumptions regarding investment returns, pay growth, pension increases, life expectancy etc.

The risks are mitigated in a number of ways:

- · By ensuring the College is rigorous in delivering high quality education and training
- Considerable focus and investment is placed on maintaining and managing key relationships with the various funding bodies and continuing regular dialogue
- · Building income and expenditure reserves

4. Failure to maintain the financial viability of the College

The College's current financial health grade is classified as Outstanding and the College expects at a rating of Good for 2022/23. This is largely the consequence of an improved level of operating surplus. The potential to achieve at least a Good rating is significantly impacted by the levels of borrowings which have funded investment to enable student growth over recent years. The continuing challenge to the College's financial position remains the need to meet its financial obligations within the constraint on further education funding whilst maintaining the student experience via continued investment. This risk is mitigated in a number of ways:

- rigorous budget setting procedures and sensitivity analysis:
- regular in year budget monitoring;
- robust financial controls;
- exploring ongoing procurement efficiencies.

The financial statements report, when appropriate, the share of the pension scheme deficit on the College's balance sheet in line with requirements of FRS 102. The risk is mitigated by an agreed deficit recovery plan with the East Riding Council Local Government Pension Scheme.

Stakeholder Relationships

In line with other Colleges and with universities, Wyke Sixth Form College has many stakeholders. These include:

- Students
- Staff;
- Education Sector Funding Body;
- Further Education Commissioner;
- Local employers (with specific links);
- Local Authorities;

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- Government Offices and LEPs;
- · Our local community;
- Other FE institutions;
- Trade unions:
- Professional bodies.

REPORT OF THE GOVERNING BODY (CONTINUED)

Stakeholder Relationships (continued)

The College recognises the importance of these relationships and engages in regular communication with them-

The College continues to be active within Hull in supporting local partner schools.

Staff and student involvement

The College considers good communications with both staff and students a vital component in the ethos of the College. This is achieved by various methods:

- the majority of staff have briefings across the working week and a weekly Newsletter is circulated to all staff;
- information about events appears daily on the video wall and on the plasma screens throughout the College;
- the students are well represented by their own student body which is supported by the College;
- both staff and students are encouraged to be involved in working groups and committees;
- · there are two staff members and two student representatives on the Corporation.

Equality, Diversity and Inclusion

- The College celebrates and values the diversity brought to its community by individuals and is committed to the principle of equality of opportunity in relation to all potential and actual students and staff. It has developed an Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Policy and associated action plan which is reviewed regularly by the Personnel Committee of Corporation. This policy covers all nine characteristics protected under the Equality Act 2010 and also the intersections between those. Data collection exercises are undertaken to better understand the staffing profile. This information feeds in to the equality action plan and inform other personnel activities.
- The College is committed to ensuring equality of opportunity for all who learn and work here. We respect and value positively differences in race, gender, sexual orientation, disability, religion or belief, marital status, pregnancy or maternity status, transgenderism or age. We strive vigorously to remove conditions which place people at a disadvantage and we will actively combat bigotry. This policy is resourced, implemented and monitored on a planned basis. The College's Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Policy is published on the College's Teams site.
- The College publishes an Annual Equality Report and Equality Objectives to ensure compliance with all relevant equality legislation including its' Public Sector Duty under the Equality Act 2010. The College undertakes equality impact assessments on all new policies and procedures and publishes the results. Equality impact assessments are also undertaken for existing policies and procedures on a prioritised basis.

The College is a "Disability Confident" employer and has committed to the principles and objectives of the standard. The College considers all employment applications from disabled persons, bearing in mind the aptitude of the individuals concerned, and guarantees an interview to any disabled applicant who meets the essential criteria for the post.

The College has also implemented an updated Equality and Diversity training programme which all staff have attended. Refresher training and training for new starters is carried out on an ongoing basis.

The College has a fully developed and closely monitored procedure for equality of opportunity in staff recruitment. Continuing to improve diversity throughout the College is an ongoing consideration. Balanced and mixed fields of candidates have been interviewed for posts advertised this year and the College remains committed to appointing the best candidate for a post.

Compliance with Disability Legislation

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for the year ended 31 July 2022

The College is committed to the spirit and the letter of the Equality Act 2010. Wyke Sixth Form College is well known for the quality of the provision it makes for students with disabilities. In particular:

All fire alarm sounders are fitted with visual as well as audible indicators.

REPORT OF THE GOVERNING BODY (CONTINUED)

Compliance with Disability Legislation (continued)

- The College employs an expanded team of learning support assistants, to meet a wide range of learners' needs, as well as providing specialist help with note-taking and signing.
- Training in Equality and Diversity has been given to all staff, and now forms part of the standard induction programme for new employees.
- Specific training to promote awareness of relevant disabilities has been undertaken for staff in significant contact with particular learners.
- Liaison with partner special and secondary schools is aimed at providing continuity of support for learners at the age of 16, so that support needs are explored as fully as possible before the young person enrols.

Links with support agencies outside the College are maintained and developed.

The monitoring of key indicators in the student population has continued, and no significant performance gaps in relation to disability or race have been identified.

The College is a provider of 16-19 education and, in 2021/22, 100% of students were recorded as being in this age group at the College census date, which is 6 weeks from the start of a student's course. 63.% of students were recorded as female and 37% were recorded as male. Ways to increase the proportion of male students continue to be considered by the College's leadership team. The ethnic origin profile for the College is predominantly White British, but it has dropped from 86.2% in 19/20 to 79.2% this academic year. We do have a more diverse College population than that of the city 86.5% White (College) compared to 94% (City of Hull) and 89% (Yorkshire and the Humber). The reference data is based upon the 2011 census, detailed, 2021 census data is not yet available.

Key performance measures of retention and achievement are analysed by gender, age and ethnicity. In house systems of monitoring value added allows for focussed intervention with learners. Monitoring by specialist progress tutors promotes the setting of targets and the provision of support where needed in order for students to achieve their goals. Overall value added outcomes are positive.

The College now also monitors students by disability, with 33.5% of students recorded as having some form of disability or learning difficulty at the start of 2021/22. The College website is accessible to disabled students. The redevelopment of the College has improved access and facilities for disabled students.

Trade union facility time

The Trade Union (Facility Time Publication Requirements) Regulations 2017 require the College to publish information on facility time arrangements for trade union officials at the College.

Relevant union official

Union Officials during the period	FTE employee number
1	1

Record of time spent on facility time

Percentage of time	Number of employees
0%	-
1-50%	1
51-99%	-

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1000/		
1 100%	-	
20070		

Percentage of pay bill spent on facility time

Total cost of facility time	£495	
Total pay bill	£7,539,507	
Percentage of total bill spent on facility time	0.00007%	

Paid trade union activities

A MAR CITATO CHILOTI ROLL FILLOD	
Time spent on paid trade union activities as a percentage of	0%
total paid facility time	

REPORT OF THE GOVERNING BODY (CONTINUED)

Going Concern

The College has made a surplus of £157,000 (after charging £494,000 in respect of FRS102 pension scheme adjustments) in 2021/22 against a forecast surplus of £604,000 (pre FRS102 adjustments) and has budgeted for a surplus of £484,000 (pre FRS102) in 2022/23.

A 24-month rolling cash flow forecast is produced each month and this shows a healthy cash position when projected forward as far as August 2024.

Student numbers in 2022/23 are expected to show an increase to around 2,250 for which the College has adequately planned resources and therefore the projection of a surplus of £484,000 in 2022/23 is considered to be achievable.

Having due regard to best practice developments in the UK Corporate Governance Code 2016 in respect of going concern and risk management reporting, the Corporation considers that the College has adequate resources to continue in operational existence and meet its liabilities for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The College's cash position as at 31 July 2022 was £1,702,000 (2021: £1,365,000). The College generated cash from operations of £1,398,000 in 2021/22 (2020/21 £1,381,000) and aims to keep cash reserves sufficient to cover pay costs and non-pay costs for at least the next month.

Taking into account the financial position reported in these financial statements, the expected surplus and cashflow for 2022/23 and having due regard to best practice developments in the UK Corporate Governance Code 2016 in respect of going concern and risk management reporting the Corporation considers that the College has adequate resources to continue in operational existence and to meet its liabilities for the foreseeable future and at least for the next financial year. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Disclosure of information to auditors

The members who held office at the date of approval of this report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the College's auditors are unaware, and each member has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the College's auditors are aware of that information.

Approved by order of the Members of the Corporation on 8th December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

J Wilson Chairman

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STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The following statement is provided to enable readers of the annual report and financial statements of the College to obtain a better understanding of its governance and legal structure. This statement covers the period from 1 August 2021 to 31 July 2022 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

The College endeavours to conduct its business:

- i. in accordance with the seven principles identified by the Committee on Standards in Public Life (selflessness, integrity, objectivity, accountability, openness, honesty and leadership); and
- ii. having due regard to the UK Corporate Governance Code 2018 ("the Code") insofar as it is applicable to the sixth form College sector.

The College is committed to exhibiting best practice in all aspects of corporate governance. In the opinion of the Corporation members, the College complies with all the provisions of the Code in so far as they apply to the sixth form College sector, and it has complied throughout the year ended 31 July 2022, although see the reports on members' terms of office at pages 12, 13 and 15. This opinion is based on an internal review of compliance with the Code reported to the Audit Committee on 29 November 2022.

The Corporation recognises that, as a body entrusted with both public and private funds, it has a particular duty to observe the highest standards of corporate governance at all times. The College has not formally adopted the Code of Good Governance for English Colleges, although the Corporation's Audit Committee receives an annual summary report on the College's performance with reference to its 10 key governance principles.

The College is an exempt charity within the meaning of Part 3 of the Charities Act 2011. The Governors, who are also the Trustees for the purposes of the Charities Act 2011, confirm that they have had due regard for the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit and that the required statements appear elsewhere in these financial statements.

The members who served the Corporation during the year under review and up to the date of signing were as follows:

Name	Date of appointment	Term of office	Date of resignation/ retirement	Status of appointment	Committees ¹ served	Corporation attendance 2021/22 ²
Anthonique Asamoah	I October 2020	4 years	31 August 2021	Student		N/A (0/0)
Amy Atkinson	29 April 202 l	4 years	31 August 2021	Student		N/A (0/0)
Paul Britton	20 August 2018	Ex officio		Principal of College	C&Q (to Dec. 2021); F&GP Personnel; Search.	100% (9/9)
Elizabeth Cagney	5 November 2020	4 years	31 August 2022	Parent member	Personnel (to 31 Aug. 2022)	33% (3/9)
Patrick Cavanagh	22 May 2018 Re-appointed 22 May 2022	4 years	21 May 2022	Corporation Member	Remun,	100% (9/9)
John Compton	5 November 2020	4 years		Corporation Member	Personnel (Chair)	67% (6/9)
Andi Dakin	5 November 2020	4 years		Corporation Member	C&Q	78% (7/9)
Paul Davis Vice-Chair of Corporation (from 1 Sept. 2020)	13 December 2018	4 years		Corporation Member	F&GP Remuneration (Chair); Search	67% (6/9)
Tony Douglass	12 December 2019	4 years	31 August 2021	Corporation Member	Audit (to 31 Aug. 2021)	N/A (0/0)
John Gilleard	15 May 2014 Re-appointed 22 May 2018	4 years	14 May 2018 21 May 2022	Corporation Member	Audit (Chair to 21 May 2022)	86% (6/7)

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STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED)

The Corporation (continued)

Name	Date of appointment	Term of office	Date of resignation /retirement	Status of appointment	Committees ¹ served	Corporation attendance 2021/22
Jackie Goodman	15 December 2005 Reappointed 1 September 2007, 1 September 2011, 1 September 2015, 2 September 2019	4 years		Parent Member Co-opted Member Corporation Member	C&Q (Chair); Remuneration (Vice-Chair).	78 % (7/9)
Elaine Harrison	30 November 2021 ³	4 years		Parent Member		100% (4/4)
Jeremy Hartley	9 July 2020	4 years		Corporation Member	F&GP (Vice- Chair).	44% (4/9)
Fin Ledger	5 October 2022	4 years		Student Member		N/A (0/0)
Dr Dina Lewis	28 September 2016 Re-appointed 5 November 2020	4 years		Corporation Member	C&Q Search, Remuneration.	56% (5/9)
Heather Lorch	5 November 2020	4 years		Staff Member		67% (6/9)
Morgan Mays	1 October 2021	4 years	31 August 2022	Student Member		63% (5/8)
Mark Moore	7 March 2016 7 March 2020	4 years	6 March 2020	Corporation Member	Audit (Chair from 22 May 2022).	89% (8/9)
Jane Price	7 March 2016 Reappointed 1 September 2017, 1 September 2021	4 years	31 August 2017	Parent Member Corporation Member	Audit (Vice- Chair); C&Q (Vice-Chair); Personnel (Vice- Chair), Search (Vice-Chair)	78% (7/9)
Tracey Rich-Pitman	1 Oct. 2020	4 years		Staff Member		67% (6/9)
Stephen Rogers	30 November 2021 ³	4 years		Corporation Member	C&Q (from Mar. 2022)	50% (2/4)
Liz Rymer	5 November 2020	4 Years		Corporation Member	Audit	78% (7/9)
Autumn Stewart	I October 2021	4 years	31 August 2022	Student Member		57% (4/7)
Raymond Swaray	30 November 2021	4 years		Corporation Member	F&GP (from Apr. 2022)	100% (4/4)
Jessica Waites	5 October 2022	4 years		4 years		N/A (0/0)
David Williamson	30 November 2021 ³	4 years		Corporation Member		25% (3/4)
John Wilson Chair of Corporation	30 September 1992 Reappointed 2 July 1996, 1 July 2000, 29 June 2004 & 30 June 2008, 30 June 2012, 1 July 2016 & 1 July 2020	4 years		Business Member Corporation Member	Corporation (Chair); F&GP (Chair), Search (Chair); C&Q Remuneration	100% (9/9)

¹Committee abbreviations: Audit = Audit Committee; C&Q = Curriculum & Quality Committee; F&GP = Finance & General Purposes Committee; Personnel = Personnel Committee; Remuneration = Remuneration Committee, Search = Search & Governance Committee.

² Corporation attendance is meetings attended divided by maximum possible meetings which could have been attended. Committee attendance is not shown.

³ From 2021/22, Corporation members appointed in the ordinary member category or Parent member category are counted as Corporation members designate from the date of their appointment and attend Corporation meetings as observers until a satisfactory Disclosure & Barring Service (DBS) check has been received. For the three Corporation members in the ordinary member category and the one member in the Parent member category who were appointed in 2021/22, the number of meetings shown as attended during 2021/22 in the final column relates to meetings attended as a full Corporation member and does not include attendance at Corporation meetings as an observer i.e. their first meeting as a full member of the Corporation is later than the formal date of their appointment

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED)

The Corporation (continued)

Since 3 October 2011 all Corporation members (other than the Principal, Staff, Parent and Student Members) have been appointed in the Corporation Member category.

Overall Corporation attendance during 2021/22 was 71% against an approved target of 75 %.

It is the Corporation's responsibility to bring independent judgement to bear on issues of strategy, performance, resources and standards of conduct.

The Corporation is provided with regular and timely information on the overall financial performance of the College together with other information such as performance against funding targets, proposed capital expenditure, quality matters and personnel-related matters including health and safety and environmental issues. The Corporation meets five times a year, including at least once each term.

The Corporation conducts its business through a number of committees. Each committee has terms of reference, which have been approved by the Corporation. These committees are Audit, Curriculum and Quality, Finance and General Purposes, Personnel, Remuneration, Search and Governance.

Full approved minutes of all meetings of the Corporation and its committees, except those of meetings or discussions deemed to be confidential by the Corporation, are available on the College website at: http://www.wyke.ac.uk Minutes can also be obtained from the Clerk to the Corporation at: Wyke Sixth Form College, Bricknell Avenue, Hull, HU5 4NT.

The Clerk to the Corporation maintains a register of financial and personal interests of the members of the Corporation. The register is available for inspection at the above address.

All Corporation members are able to take independent professional advice in furtherance of their duties at the College's expense and have access to the Clerk to the Corporation, who is responsible to the Board for ensuring that all applicable procedures and regulations are complied with. The appointment, evaluation and removal of the Clerk are matters for the Corporation as a whole.

Formal agendas, papers and reports are supplied to Corporation members in a timely manner, prior to Corporation meetings. Briefings are also provided on an ad hoc basis.

The Corporation has a strong and independent non-executive element and no individual or group dominates its decision making process. The Corporation considers that each of its non-executive members is independent of management and free from any business or other relationship which could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement. Corporation members have sufficient knowledge of the College to enable them to discharge their duties effectively.

There is a clear division of responsibility in that the roles of the Chair and Accounting Officer are separate.

The Chair is responsible for the leadership of the Corporation and for ensuring its effectiveness.

During 2020/21, due to the Covid-19 pandemic, the Corporation and its committees met remotely i.e. using video-conferencing. All scheduled Corporation meetings held during autumn term 2021 and spring term 2022 were held remotely with the following exceptions: the Corporation Development session held on 19 October 2021 and the Special Corporation meeting and Strategic Planning event held on 24 March 2022 were in-person events. All Corporation meetings held during summer term 2022 were hybrid meetings i.e. with members having the option of attending in-person or remotely. All Corporation meetings held in 2022/23 to the date of the signing of the annual financial statements have been hybrid events.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED)

Appointments to the Corporation

Any new appointments to the Corporation are a matter for the consideration of the Corporation as a whole. The Corporation has a Search and Governance Committee comprising of the Chair of the Corporation and four other Corporation members. The Committee is responsible for the selection and nomination of new members for the Corporation's consideration. The Search and Governance Committee is responsible for ensuring that appropriate induction and training is provided to new and existing Corporation members as required. Members of the Corporation are appointed for an initial term of office not exceeding four years. The Corporation agreed at its July 2021 meeting that from 2021/22, the maximum term of office for Corporation members should be 2 terms of 4 years unless a new and more senior role was undertaken.

The Search and Governance Committee keeps the composition of the Corporation, including length of office, under regular review and re-appointment is subject to the Corporation's re-appointment criteria, which includes having skills and expertise that remain useful to the Corporation. Of the 24 Corporation members who served during 2021/22 (i.e. excluding the Principal whose appointment to the Corporation is *ex officio*), 67% (16/24 members) had served for fewer than 4 years, 50% of whom (8/16 members) had served for periods of around one year or less. 21% (5/24 members) had served for periods between 4 and 7 years. Just over 12% were longer serving members (3/24 members) who held senior Corporation or committee roles (please see the table above), of whom 33% (1/3 members) retired from the Corporation in 2022.

Parent members are appointed to the Corporation following self-nomination, interview and recommendation by the Search & Nominations Committee. Staff Members of Corporation are elected by staff members. Student Members are nominated by and appointed from the Student Association Executive. Corporation's appointment policy and information on Corporation vacancies are published on the College website.

Corporation's policy and procedures for the appointment, re-appointment and replacement of members of Corporation states that Corporation will seek to maintain a range of skills within its membership, is committed to promoting equality and diversity and will seek to achieve and maintain a membership which is representative of the community it serves. The Corporation's responsibilities and commitments as set out under its approved Single Equality Scheme include "...monitoring that: The membership of the Corporation reflects the communities served by the College where possible. Women and men are given an equal opportunity to be members of the Corporation and in the event of significant under-representation of either women or men, the Corporation will consider what steps can properly be taken to address that under-representation". Corporation fulfils these responsibilities through its Search and Governance Committee which reviews, at each of its scheduled meetings, Corporation's skills audit, together with gender and ethnic representation on the Corporation.

The student equality & diversity report, considered at the July 2022 Corporation meeting, recorded that, in 2021/22, 63% of students were recorded as female and 37 % as male, 79.2 % described themselves as 'White', 19.3% described themselves as from a Black, Asian & Minority Ethnic (BAME) group, with 1.5% preferring not to say.

The 2021/22 staff profile presented to the May 2022 Corporation meeting stated that 62.6% of the College's employees were recorded as female and 37.4% as male, with 98% of the College's employees describing themselves as 'White British/Other White' and 2% as BAME. With regard to the College's Senior Leadership Team (SLT), the gender balance was 50% male and 50% female.

The Corporation has a long-term target of gender balance and a shorter-term target of a gender balance no worse than the sector average i.e. 40%.

The Search & Governance Committee meeting noted at its June 2022 meeting that the complement of Corporation members recorded as female in 2021/22 had varied between 41% and 43%, with the complement of Corporation members recorded as male varying between 59% and 57% i.e. female representation was around the sector average.

The Search & Governance Committee meeting noted at its June 2022 meeting that BAME representation on the Corporation had varied between 9% and 10% during 2021/22.

The 2011 Census recorded around 51% of the national and local population as female, with just under 86% of the population of Yorkshire and the Humber declaring themselves to be White British. The 2011 census for Hull recorded 10.86% of the population as from a BAME group. Female representation on the Corporation in 2021/22 was therefore lower than that for the College's staff, student & local populations and BAME representation was higher than the equivalent

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED)

Appointments to the Corporation (continued)

percentage for the staff population, just below the equivalent percentage for the local population and lower than the equivalent percentage for the student population.

Corporation performance

Corporation assessed its performance in 2020/21 using an online governance effectiveness questionnaire, the results of which were positive overall, with the resulting report and actions to improve effectiveness discussed at the Corporation Development event on 19 October 2021. The performance assessment for 2021/22 is in process with the results to be reported at a future Search & Governance Committee. It is intended that an external governance review should be carried out in 2023. The Corporation's committees assess their effectiveness annually using self-assessment questionnaires.

During 2021/22 the Corporation's Curriculum & Quality (C&Q) Committee reviewed reports on academic quality at each meeting, with members receiving reports relating to the College's 2020/21 Self-Assessment Report (SAR) process at its December 2022 meeting. The Corporation ratified the College's approved SAR 2020/21 and Quality Improvement Plan (QIP) at its January 2022 meeting, subject to amendments discussed, and ratified the final version at its March 2022 meeting.

Corporation development

Corporation member development undertaken in 2021/22 and in 2022/23 to date included:

- Full Corporation training sessions on Ofsted's inspection framework (October 2021) and a Sixth Form Colleges' Association (SFCA) sector update (March 2022);
- Induction sessions for new Corporation members:
- Online certificated training in equality & diversity and in safeguarding for new members and 3-year refresher training, where appropriate, for other members;
- Individual Corporation member attendance at the SFCA Governor webinars and the Association of Colleges (AoC) online Finance Masterclass series.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee has a determined membership of 5. The Principal and staff and student members of Corporation are not eligible for membership. The committee's responsibilities are to make recommendations to the Corporation on the remuneration and benefits of the Accounting Officer and other designated senior post holders. Details of remuneration for the year ended 31 July 2022 are set out in note 6 to the financial statements.

The Corporation meeting held on 26 September 2019 adopted the Association of Colleges' The Colleges' Senior Postholder Remuneration Code.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee has a determined membership of 5 members, up to one of whom may be an external co-opted member. The Chair of the Corporation and the Principal, as Chief Accounting Officer, are not members of the committee. No staff members are members of the committee. The committee operates in accordance with written terms of reference approved by the Corporation. Collectively, members of the committee have recent, relevant experience in risk management, finance and audit and assurance.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONTINUED)

Audit Committee (continued)

The members who served on the Audit Committee during the year under review and up to the date of signing were as follows:

Name	Date of Appointment	Term of Office	Date of resignation / retirement	Status of Appointment	Audit Committee Attendance %
John Gilleard	Joined the Audit Committee: 16.06.14	Retired from the Corporation & the Audit Committee on 21.05.22.	Retired from the Corporation & the Audit Committee on 21.05.22	Corporation Member	100% (6/6 meetings)
Mark Moore	Joined the Audit Committee: 30.11.20	Ongoing in 2021/22 & 2022/23 to date ¹	Not applicable	Corporation Member	86% (6/7 meetings)
Jane Price	Joined the Audit Committee: 17.10.16	Ongoing in 2021/22 & 2022/23 to date ¹	Not applicable	Corporation Member	100% (7/7 meetings)
Liz Rymer	Joined the Audit Committee: 30.11.20	Ongoing in 2021/22 & 2022/23 to date ¹	Not applicable	Corporation Member	100% (7/7 meetings)

Corporation has not agreed a maximum term of office for Audit Committee members but the normal maximum term of office for a Corporation member is 8 years so membership of the Audit Committee would normally end when Corporation membership ends, although an Audit Committee member may resign from the committee at any time. The ESFA's Post-16 Audit Code of Practice states that 'Audit committees must include individuals with an appropriate mix of skills and experience to allow the committee to discharge its duties effectively. Collectively, members of the committee should have recent, relevant experience in risk management, finance, and assurance' which limits to some extent those Corporation members who are eligible for Audit Committee membership.

The role of the committee includes advising the Corporation on the adequacy and effectiveness of the College's assurance framework. In addition, the committee advises and supports the Corporation in explaining in its annual report and accounts the measures it has taken to ensure it has fulfilled its statutory and regulatory responsibilities.

The Audit Committee meets at least four times a year and at least on a termly basis and provides a forum for reporting by the College's internal, regularity and financial statements auditors, who have access to the committee for independent discussion, without the presence of College management. The committee also receives and considers reports from the main FE funding bodies as they affect the College's business.

The College's internal auditors review the systems of internal control, risk management controls and governance processes in accordance with an agreed plan of input and report their findings to management and the Audit Committee.

Management is responsible for the implementation of agreed audit recommendations, and internal audit undertakes periodic follow up reviews to ensure such recommendations have been implemented.

The Audit Committee also advises the Corporation on the appointment of internal, regularity reporting accountants and financial statements auditors and their remuneration for both audit and non-audit work as well as reporting annually to the Corporation.

Internal Control

Scope of responsibility

The Corporation is ultimately responsible for the College's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness. Such a system is, however, designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Corporation has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Principal, as Accounting Officer, for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the College's policies, aims and objectives, whilst safeguarding the public funds and assets for which he is personally responsible, in accordance with the responsibilities assigned to him in the conditions of funding between the College and the Funding Body. He is also responsible for reporting to the Corporation any material weaknesses or breakdowns in internal control.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

Audit Committee (continued)

Internal control (continued)

The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of College policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in Wyke Sixth Form College for the year ended 31 July 2022 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

Capacity to handle risk

The Corporation has reviewed the key risks to which the College is exposed, together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The Corporation is of the view that there is a formal ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the College's significant risks that has been in place for the period ending 31 July 2022 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts. This process is regularly reviewed by the Corporation.

The risk and control framework

The system of internal control is based on a framework of regular management information, administrative procedures including the segregation of duties, and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- comprehensive budgeting systems with an annual budget, which is reviewed and agreed by the Corporation, the College's governing body
- regular reviews by the finance committee of monthly and annual financial reports which indicate financial performance against forecasts
- setting targets to measure financial and other performance
- clearly defined capital investment control guidelines
- the adoption of formal project management disciplines, where appropriate.

The College has an internal audit service, which operates in accordance with the requirements of the ESFA's Post 16 Audit Code of Practice. The work of the internal audit service is informed by an analysis of the risks to which the College is exposed, and annual internal audit plans are based on this analysis. The analysis of risks and the internal audit plans are endorsed by the Corporation on the recommendation of the Audit Committee. As a minimum annually, the Head of Internal Audit (HIA) provides the Corporation with a report on internal audit activity in the College. The report includes the HIA's independent opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the College's system of risk management, controls and governance processes.

Statement from the Audit Committee

Based on the reports of and discussions with both the internal auditors and the financial statements and regularity auditors, together with its own enquiries, the Audit Committee has, in its annual report for the year ended 31 July 2022, advised the Corporation that its opinion is: that reliance can be placed upon the adequacy and effectiveness of Wyke Sixth Form College Corporation's assurance arrangements, its framework of governance, risk management and control processes for the effective and efficient use of resources, solvency, and the safeguarding of assets; that the Corporation's responsibilities, included in the annual financial statements, have been satisfactorily discharged.

To enable it to reach its annual opinion, the Audit Committee follows an annual schedule of work which reflects its approved terms of reference, which conform to the requirements of the ESFA's Post-16 Audit Code of Practice. This includes review at each meeting of the College's risk register and the implementation of any recommendations arising from internal or external audit reviews. A detailed account of the work of the Audit Committee during 2021/22 is available in its minutes at: https://wyke.ac.uk/about-wyke/College-Corporation/

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

Audit Committee (continued)

Statement from the audit committee (continued)

Review of effectiveness

There have been no significant internal control weaknesses or failures which have arisen during the period under review.

As Accounting Officer, the Principal has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. The Principal's review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by:

- the work of the internal auditors
- the work of the executive managers within the College who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework
- comments made by the College's financial statement and regularity auditors in their management letters and other reports

The Accounting Officer has been advised on the implications of the result of his review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the Audit Committee which oversees the work of the internal auditor and other sources of assurance, and a plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

The Accounting Officer and Senior Leadership Team receives reports setting out key performance and risk indicators and considers possible control issues brought to their attention by early warning mechanisms, which are embedded within the departments and reinforced by risk awareness training. The Accounting Officer and Senior Leadership Team and the Audit Committee also receive regular reports from internal audit and other sources of assurance, which include recommendations for improvement. The Audit Committee's role in this area is confined to a high-level review of the arrangements for internal control. The Corporation's agenda includes a regular item for consideration of risk and control and receives reports thereon from the Senior Leadership Team and the Audit Committee. The emphasis is on obtaining the relevant degree of assurance and not merely reporting by exception. At its December 2022 meeting, the Corporation carried out the annual assessment for the year ended 31 July 2022 by considering documentation from the Senior Leadership team and internal audit, and taking account of events since 31 July 2022.

Based on the advice of the Audit Committee and the Accounting Officer, the Corporation is of the opinion that the College has an adequate and effective framework for governance, risk management and control, and has fulfilled its statutory responsibility for "the effective and efficient use of resources, the solvency of the institution and the body and the safeguarding of their assets".

Approved by order of the Members of the Corporation on 8 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

J Wilson Chairman

P J Britton Accounting Officer

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 July 2022

GOVERNING BODY'S STATEMENT ON THE COLLEGE'S REGULARITY, PROPRIETY AND COMPLIANCE WITH FUNDING BODY TERMS AND CONDITIONS

As Accounting Officer I confirm that the Corporation has had due regard to the requirements of grant funding agreements and contracts with ESFA and has considered its responsibility to notify ESFA of material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with terms and conditions of funding.

I confirm on behalf of the Corporation that after due enquiry, and to the best of my knowledge, I am able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by the Corporation, or material non-compliance with the terms and conditions of funding, under the Corporation's grant funding agreements and contracts with ESFA, or any other public funder.

I confirm that no instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance have been discovered to date. If any instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to ESFA.

Paul Britton Accounting Officer 8 December 2022

Statement of the chair of governors

On behalf of the Corporation, I confirm that the Accounting Officer has discussed their statement of regularity, propriety and compliance with the board and that I am content that it is materially accurate.

J Wilson

Chair of governors 8 December 2022"

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MEMBERS OF THE CORPORATION

The Members of the Corporation of the College are required to present audited financial statements for each financial year.

Within the terms and conditions of the Corporation's Conditions of Funding with the ESFA and any relevant funding bodies, the Corporation, through its Accounting Officer, is required to prepare financial statements for each financial year in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice – Accounting for Further and Higher Education 2019 (F & HE SORP 2019) and with the College Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022 issued by the ESFA, and which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Corporation and the result for that year.

In preparing the financial statements the Corporation is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable Accounting Standards were followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- assess whether the Corporation is a going concern, noting the key supporting assumptions qualifications or mitigating actions as appropriate
- prepare financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to assume that the Corporation will
 continue in operation.

The Corporation is also required to prepare a report of the governing body which describes what it is trying to do and how it is going about it, including the legal and administrative status of the Corporation.

The Corporation is responsible for keeping proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy, at any time, the financial position of the Corporation, and which enable it to ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the relevant legislation including the Further and Higher Education Act 1992 and Charities Act 2011, and relevant accounting standards. It is responsible for taking steps that are reasonably open to it in order to safeguard the assets of the Corporation and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The maintenance and integrity of the Corporation section of the College website is the responsibility of the Corporation of the College; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Members of the Corporation are responsible for ensuring that expenditure and income are applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and that the financial transactions conform to the authorities that govern them. In addition, they are responsible for ensuring that funds from ESFA and any other public funds are used only in accordance with ESFA's grant funding agreements and contracts and any other conditions that may be prescribed from time to time by the ESFA or any other public funder. Members of the Corporation must ensure that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place sufficient to safeguard public and other funds and ensure they are used properly. In addition, members of the Corporation are responsible for securing economical, efficient and effective management of the Corporation's resources and expenditure, so that the benefits that should be derived from the application of public funds from ESFA and other public bodies are not put at risk.

Approved by order of the Members of the Corporation on 8 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

J Wilson Chairman

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE CORPORATION OF WYKE SIXTH FORM COLLEGE

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Wyke Sixth Form College ("the College") for the year ended 31 July 2022, which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Reserves, Statement of Cash Flows, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland, and the College Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022 issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the College's affairs as at 31 July 2022 and of its incoming resources
 and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the College Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022 issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the College in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Governors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the College's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Governors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Governors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE CORPORATION OF WYKE SIXTH FORM COLLEGE (CONTINUED)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Post-16 Audit Code of Practice 2021 to 2022 issued by the Education and Skills Funding agency requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept;
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of the Corporation of Wyke Sixth Form College

As explained more fully in the Statement of Corporation's Responsibilities set out on page 18, the Corporation is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Corporation determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Corporation is responsible for assessing the College's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Corporation either intends to liquidate the College or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities including fraud

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the charitable company, including FRS 102, Further and Higher Education SORP 2019, College Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022, data protection, anti-bribery, employment, environmental and health and safety legislation. An understanding of these laws and regulations and the extent of compliance was obtained through discussion with management and inspecting legal and regulatory correspondence as necessary.

We assessed the susceptibility of the College's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by making enquiries of management and considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- · tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative
 of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE CORPORATION OF WYKE SIXTH FORM COLLEGE (CONTINUED)

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- · agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- · reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- · enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims; and
- · reviewing correspondence with HMRC, and relevant regulators.

Due to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission, or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Corporation, as a body, in accordance with the Funding Agreement published by the Education and Skills Funding Agency. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Corporation those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Corporation, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Luke Taylor BSc(Hons) ACA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Smailes Goldie

Chartered Accountants

Statutory Auditor

Regent's Court

Princess Street

Hull

East Yorkshire

HU28BA

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December 2022

Note:

The maintenance and integrity of the College website is the responsibility of the Corporation; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the website.

Wyke Sixth Form College FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

	Notes		
		2022	2021
		£'000	£'000
INCOME			
Funding body grants	3	10,981	10,518
Tuition fees and education contracts	4	77	129
Other income	5	577	196
Investment income		1	-
Total income		11,636	10,843
EXPENDITURE			
Staff costs	6	8,177	7,673
Other operating expenses	7	2,450	2,067
Depreciation	10	699	709
Interest and other finance costs	8	152	148
Total expenditure		11,478	10,597
Surplus before other gains and losses		158	246
Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets		(1)	
Surplus before tax		157	246
Taxation	9	_	_
Surplus for the year		157	246
Re-measurement of net defined benefit pension liability	16	2,064	(45)
Other Comprehensive income for the year		2,064	(45)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		2,221	201
Total Comprehensive Income for the year attributable to Corporation of the College		2,221	201

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 July 2022

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 JULY 2022

	Notes	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Fixed assets			a 000
Tangible assets	10	17,885	17,946
		17,885	17,946
Current assets			
Debtors	11	302	450
Cash at bank and in hand		1,702	1,365
		2,004	1,815
Current liabilities		,	.,
Creditors - amounts falling due within one year	12	(1,678)	(1,617)
Net current assets		326	198
Total assets less current liabilities		18,211	18,144
Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year	13	(13,625)	(14,209)
Provisions for liabilities			
Defined benefit pension scheme	16	_	(1,570)
Total net assets		4,586	2,365
Unrestricted Reserves			
Income and expenditure reserve		3,161	940
Revaluation reserve		1,425	1,425
Total reserves attributable to the College			/
Corporation and total unrestricted reserves		4,586	2,365

The financial statements on pages 23 to 45 were approved and authorised for issue by the Corporation on 8th December 2022 and were signed on its behalf on that date by:

J Wilson Chair P J Britton Accounting Officer

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 July 2022

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESERVES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

	Income and expenditure reserve	Revaluation reserve	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance at 1 August 2020	739	1,425	2,164
Surplus for the year	246	-	246
Other comprehensive income	(45)	-	(45)
Total comprehensive income for the year	201	•	201
Balance at 31 July 2021	940	1,425	2,365
Surplus for the year	157	-	157
Other comprehensive income	2,064	-	2,064
Total comprehensive income for the year	2,221		2,221
Balance at 31 July 2022	3,161	1,425	4,585

Wyke Sixth Form College FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 July 2022

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

No	otes	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	15	1,398	1,381
Net cash from operating activities		1,398	1,381
Investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(639)	(420)
Proceeds from disposal of tangible fixed assets		-	-
	_	(639)	(420)
Financing activities	_		
Interest paid		(122)	(127)
Repayments of borrowings		(300)	(289)
		(422)	(416)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents in the year		337	545
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		1,365	820
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		1,702	1,365

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General information

Wyke Sixth Form College is a Corporation established under the Further and Higher Education Act 1992 as an English general College of further education. The address of the College's principal place of business is given on page 12. The nature of the College's operations is set out in the Report of the Governing Body.

Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education 2019 (the F & HE SORP 2019), the College Accounts Direction for 2021 to 2022 and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 – "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102) under the historical cost convention. The College is a public benefit entity and has therefore applied the relevant public benefit requirements of FRS 102.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been applied consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements are presented in sterling, which is also the functional currency of the College.

Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest whole £1,000, except where otherwise indicated.

Going concern

The activities of the College, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and performance are set out in the Report of the Governing Body. The financial position of the College, its cash flow, liquidity and borrowings are presented in the Financial Statements and accompanying Notes.

In 2022/23, the College is receiving funding for 2,119 students, the numbers at census in October 2021. The Corporation agreed that for 2022/23 the College would look to restrict numbers closer to its capacity level of 2,185 students. The budgets set for 2022/23 are based on this number of students and the College has adequate resources to operate at this level and is forecasting an operating surplus of £484,000.

There are inherent uncertainties regarding the level of funding that will be generated based upon future funding methodologies however the financial plan for 2022/23 is based on 16-19 year-old student numbers of 2,185 at census date, which the senior leadership team believes to be achievable. The College will continue to achieve a surplus position in 2022/23 through setting prudent budgets, continued tight budgetary control and monthly financial monitoring. Robust financial controls are in place, which are overseen by the Corporation.

The College had a healthy balance at the bank of £1,702,000 at the year-end. The cash position is closely monitored and 12-month rolling cash flows used to project cash balances and to ensure the bank's financial covenants are met. Cash flow forecasts indicate that a bank overdraft facility is not necessary for at least twelve months from the date of signing the financial statements, i.e. to December 2023.

Both Barclays and Lloyds Bank have expressed that they are satisfied with the financial stability of the College as a result of stable student numbers and the Senior Leadership and Corporation's scrutiny of the College's finances.

Accordingly, the College has a reasonable expectation that it has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for at least 12 months from the date of the signing of the Financial Statements, and for this reason will continue to adopt the going concern basis in the preparation of its Financial Statements.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Recognition of income

Grants - government and non-government

Government revenue grants are accounted for under the accrual model and are recognised where a reliable estimate of the fair value of the asset received or receivable can be made on a systematic basis over the periods in which the related costs for which the grant compensates are recognised:

Funding body recurrent grants are measured in line with best estimates for the year of what is receivable and depend on the particular income stream involved. Any under achievement of the Adult Education Budget, outside the permitted tolerance levels is adjusted for and reflected in the level of recurrent grant recognised in the income and expenditure account. The final grant income is normally determined with the conclusion of the year-end reconciliation process with the funding body following the year-end.

16-19 learner-responsive funding is not normally subject to reconciliation and is therefore not subject to contract adjustments and is recognised when receivable.

Grants from non-government sources, including grants relating to assets, are recognised in income when the College has met the performance-related conditions and the grant will be received. Income received in advance of performance related conditions being met is recognised as a liability.

Government capital grants for assets, other than land, are accounted for under the accrual model. The grant income received or receivable will be recognised over the expected useful life of the asset, with any amount of the asset-related grant that is deferred being recognised as deferred income. The deferred income is allocated between creditors due within one year and those due after more than one year.

Other income

Income from the supply of services is recognised at fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents the value of services to the extent there is a right to consideration.

Income from tuition fees is recognised over the period for which it is received.

All income from short-term deposits is accrued in the period in which it is earned on a receivable basis.

Retirement benefits

Retirement benefits to employees of the College are principally provided by Teachers' Pensions Scheme (TPS) and the East Riding Pension Fund (ERPF), which are multi-employer defined benefit plans.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme. Contributions to the TPS are calculated so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the College in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by the Government Actuary on the basis of valuations using a projected unit method. The TPS is a multi-employer scheme but sufficient information is not available to use defined benefit accounting and therefore it is accounted for as a defined contribution scheme, with the amount charge to the statement of comprehensive income is the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Retirement benefits (continued)

The East Riding Pension Fund is a funded scheme, and the assets of the scheme are held separately. Pension schemes are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date. The amounts charged to operating surplus are the current service costs and the costs of scheme introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs. The net interest cost on the net defined benefit liability/asset is charged to comprehensive income and included within finance costs. Re-measurement comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on scheme assets (excluding amounts include in net interest on the net defined benefit liability) are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income.

Short term Employment benefits

Short term employment benefits such as salaries and compensated absences (holiday pay) are recognised as an expense in the year in which the employees render service to the College. The cost of any unused holiday entitlement the College expects to pay in future periods is recognised in the period the employees' services are rendered.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or deemed cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Land and buildings

Land is stated at deemed cost revalued at the date of transition to FRS 102 and buildings are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Equipment

Equipment costing less than £1,000 per individual item or set of items acquired together is recognised as expenditure in the period of acquisition. All other equipment is capitalised and recognised at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation and residual values

Freehold land is not depreciated as it is considered to have an infinite useful life. Depreciation on other assets is calculated, using the straight line basis, to write off the cost of each asset to its estimated residual value over its expected useful lives, as follows:

- Buildings 2 or 4 per cent per annum
- Furniture, fixtures and fittings 10 per cent per annum
- Computer equipment 25 per cent per annum
- Motor vehicles 10 per cent per annum

Residual value is calculated on prices prevailing at the reporting date, after estimated costs of disposal, for the asset as if it were at the age and in the condition expected at the end of its useful life.

Subsequent costs, including replacement parts, are only capitalised when it is probable that such costs will generate future economic benefits. Any replaced parts are then derecognised. All other costs of repairs and maintenance are expenses as incurred.

Impairments of fixed assets

An assessment is made at each reporting date of whether there are indications that a fixed asset may be impaired or that an impairment loss previously recognised has fully or partially reversed. If such indications exist, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the asset.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairments of fixed assets (continued)

Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts, being the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use, are recognised as impairment losses. Impairment of revalued assets, are treated as a revaluation loss. All other impairment losses are recognised in comprehensive income.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Reversals of impairment losses are recognised in comprehensive income or, for revalued assets, as a revaluation gain. On reversal of an impairment loss, the depreciation or amortisation is adjusted to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount (less any residual value) over its remaining useful life.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as expenditure in the period in which they are incurred.

Leased assets

Operating leases

All leases are operating leases and annual rents are charged to comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash in hand, deposits repayable on demand and overdrafts.

Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value. An investment qualifies as a cash equivalent when it has maturity of 3 months or less from the date of acquisition.

Financial Instruments

The College has chosen to adopt Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in full in respect of financial instruments.

Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the College becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument's legal form.

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets measured at fair value through the profit or loss, which are initially measure at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. A financial asset or financial liability that is payable or receivable in one year is measured at the undiscounted amount expected to be received or paid net of impairment, unless it is a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

A financial asset is derecognised only when the contractual rights to cash flows expire or are settled, or substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to another party, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party. A financial liability (or part thereof) is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset only when there is a current legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the intention to either settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Wyke Sixth Form College FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 July 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation

The College is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK Corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the College is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by sections 478-488 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

The College receives no similar exemption in respect of Value Added Tax. For this reason, the College is generally unable to recover input VAT it suffers on goods and services purchased. Capital costs and non-pay expenditure is therefore shown inclusive of VAT with any partial recovery netted off against these figures.

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the College has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably measured.

Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation is recognised at present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in the statement of comprehensive income in the period it arises.

A contingent liability arises from a past event that gives the College a possible obligation whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or otherwise of uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the College. Contingent liabilities also arise in circumstances where a provision would otherwise be made but either it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required or the amount of the obligation cannot be reliably measured.

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the balance sheet but are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Agency arrangements

The College acts as an agent in distributing certain discretionary support funds from the funding body. Payments received from the funding body and subsequent disbursements to students are excluded from the income and expenditure of the College where the College does not have control of the economic benefit related to the transaction.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical areas of judgement

In preparing these financial statements, management have made the following judgements:

Determined whether leases entered into by the College either as a lessor or a lessee are operating or finance leases.
 These decisions depend on an assessment of whether the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred from the lesser to the lessee on a lease by lease basis.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

· East Riding Pension Fund

The present value of the East Riding Pension Fund defined benefit scheme depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in note 16, will impact the carrying amount of the pension scheme. Furthermore, a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2019 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions scheme at 31 July 2022. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension scheme.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In reassessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, maintenance programmes, economic utilisation and physical condition of the assets are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions and the remaining life of the asset.

Impairment of fixed assets

The College considers whether tangible fixed assets are impaired. Where an indication of impairment is identified the estimation of the recoverable amount of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is required. These will require an estimation of the future cash flow and selection of an appropriate discount rates in order to calculate the net present value of those cash flows.

Wyke Sixth Form College FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 July 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

•	TO 11 1 1	,	
3	Funding body grants		
		2022	2021
		£'000	£'000
	Recurrent grants		
	Education and Skills Funding Agency - adult	-	7
	Education and Skills Funding Agency - 16-19	10,320	9,833
	Specific grants	10,520	2,033
	Teacher Pension Scheme contribution grant	238	254
	Releases of government capital grants	423	396
	Education and Skills Funding Agency- COVID - 19 mass	423	
	testing funding		27
	Total	10,981	10,518
4	Tuition fees and education contracts		
		2022	2021
		£'000	£'000
	Tuition fees	2.5	
	Education contracts	36 41	24
		41	105
	Total	<u>77</u>	129
5	Other income		
		2022	2021
		£'000	£'000
	Catering income	414	118
	Miscellaneous income	163	68
	Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme grant		10
	Total	577	196

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

6 Staff costs and key management personnel remuneration

The average number of persons (including key management personnel) employed by the College during the year, was:

	2022 Number	2021 Number
Teaching staff	112	104
Non-teaching staff	90	103
Total	202	207
Staff costs for the above persons	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	5,769	5,514
Social security costs	556	510
Other pension costs	1,712_	1,457
Payroll sub total	8,037	7,481
Contracted out staffing services	140	155
	8,177	7,636
Restructuring costs* – contractual	-	-
non-contractual	<u></u>	37
Total staff costs	8,177	7,673

^{*} the Accounting Officer has delegated authority from the Corporation to authorise severance payments up to the statutory maximum

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

6 Staff costs and key management personnel remuneration (continued)

Key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the College and are represented by the Senior Leadership Team which comprises the Principal, Deputy Principal, two Vice Principals, Assistant Principal and HR Manager.

Emoluments of Key management personnel, Accounting Officer and other higher paid staff

	2022	2021
	No.	No.
The number of key management personnel including the Accounting Officer who served during the year was:	6	7

The number of key management personnel and other staff who received annual emoluments, excluding pension contributions and employer's national insurance but including benefits in kind, in the following ranges was:

	Key manaş person	-	Other S	taff
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	No.	No.	No.	No.
£35,001 to £40,000 p.a.	1	1	-	-
£45,001 to £50,000 p.a.	-	1	_	_
£50,001 to £55,000 p.a.	-	1	-	_
£60,001 to £65,000 p.a.	1	-	_	_
£65,001 to £70,000 p.a.	2	2	_	_
£75,001 to £80,000 p.a.	-	1		
£80,001 to £85,000 p.a.	1	-	-	_
£105,001 to £110,000 p.a.	_	1	-	-
£115,001 to £120,000 p.a.	1	-	-	-
	6	7	•	
	MIN.	*****		

Key management personnel (including the Accounting Officer) total compensation is made up as follows:

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Salaries	439	457
National Insurance	55	55
	494	512
Pension contributions	70	78
Total emoluments	564	590

There were no amounts due to key management personnel that were waived in the year, nor any salary sacrifice arrangements in place.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

6 Staff costs and key management personnel remuneration (continued)

The above emoluments include amounts payable to the Accounting Officer (who is also the highest paid of key management personnel) of:

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Current Accounting Officer – appointed 20 August 2018 Salary	119	109
Pension contributions	28	26

The Corporation meeting held on 26 September 2019 adopted the Association of Colleges' *The Colleges' Senior Postholder Remuneration Code* (the *Code*). An annual Remuneration Committee report is made to the Corporation against the *Code*.

The Remuneration Committee reviews senior post-holder remuneration with reference to the criteria set out in the designated post-holder remuneration policy approved by the Corporation i.e. with reference to: the Sixth Form Colleges' Association (SFCA) salary survey; salary information relating to College middle managers; any annual pay award made or to be made to staff other than senior post-holders; and affordability. The Corporation does not operate a performance related pay scheme for senior post-holders but the outcome of senior post-holders' performance and development reviews are discussed by the Remuneration Committee before its annual review of senior post-holder remuneration.

The Corporation determines the remuneration of designated senior post-holders on the recommendation of its Remuneration Committee. The designated senior post-holders in 2021/22 who were also classed as key personnel were the Principal, the Deputy Principal, the Vice-Principal (Finance, Resources & Systems), and the Vice-Principal (Pastoral).

The Corporation agreed at its 12 December 2019 meeting, on the recommendation of its Remuneration Committee, a 3 year indicative pay scale for the Principal and for the Deputy Principal, with payment subject to annual review.

The remuneration of the Accounting Officer (i.e. the Principal) for 2021-22 was determined on 14 December 2021 by the Corporation on the recommendation of its Remuneration Committee i.e. the Corporation agreed that the Accounting Officer (i.e. the Principal) should receive, in addition to annual progression on the 3-year pay scale noted above and amended with reference to the SFCA salary survey, the same inflationary pay award for 2021/22 agreed nationally for sixth form College teaching staff who were not designated senior post-holders, payable from the date agreed as part of the national negotiations. The Accounting Officer was not involved in setting their remuneration. The factors taken into account by the Remuneration Committee in making its recommendation to the Corporation in relation to the Accounting Officer's remuneration for the year to 31 July 2022 were based on the criteria set out in the designated post-holder remuneration policy approved by the Corporation. A similar approach was used to determine the remuneration of the Deputy Principal.

The remuneration of other key management personnel designated as senior post-holders by the Corporation was determined at the Corporation meeting held on 14 December 2021 on the recommendation of its Remuneration Committee as follows: the Vice-Principal (Pastoral) received the same inflationary pay award for 2021/22 agreed nationally for teaching staff in sixth form Colleges who were not designated senior post-holders, payable from the date agreed as part of the national negotiation; the Vice-Principal (Finance, Resources & Systems) received the same inflationary pay award for 2021/22 agreed nationally for support staff in sixth form Colleges who were not designated senior post-holders, payable from the date agreed as part of the national negotiation. A disparity between the remuneration of the two Vice-Principal roles was noted at the Corporation meeting held on 14 December 2021and a re-positioning payment was approved by the Corporation at its meeting on 27 January 2022 on the recommendation of its Remuneration Committee to ensure that the two Vice-Principal roles were remunerated equally.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

6 Staff costs and key management personnel remuneration (continued)

The relationship between the Accounting Officer's emoluments, expressed as a multiple of all other employees based on full-time equivalents, is set out below for both basic salary and total remuneration.

	2022 No	2021 No
Basic salary as a multiple of median basic salary of staff Total remuneration as a multiple of median total remuneration of staff	4.04 4.07	3.68 3.72

The above multiples are based on the salaries of employees with contract hours and therefore excludes casual employees.

Governors' remuneration

The Accounting Officer and the staff members only receive remuneration in respect of services they provide undertaking their roles of Principal and staff members under contracts of employment and not in respect of their roles as governors. The other members of the Corporation did not receive any payments from the College in respect of their roles as governors.

No expenses were paid to or on behalf of the Corporation members the year (2021: £0). No Corporation member has received any remuneration or waived payments from the College during the year (2021: None).

7 Other operating expenses

8

	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Teaching costs	250	182
Non-teaching costs	1,547	1,250
Premises costs	653	635
Total	2,450	2,067
	2022	2021
Surplus before taxation is stated after charging:	£'000	£'000
Auditors' remuneration:		
Financial statements audit	17	21
Other services provided by the financial statements auditor	1	1
Internal audit	7	$\hat{7}$
Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	1	.
Operating lease rentals	42	41
Interest and other finance costs		
	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Bank loans, overdrafts and other loans	122	127
Net interest on defined pension liability (note 16)	30	21

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

	1.50	
Total	157	148
Total	1.72	170

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9 Taxation

The Governors do not believe the College was liable for any Corporation tax arising out of its activities during either year.

10 Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold land and buildings £'000	Equipment £'000	Motor vehicles £'000	Total £'000
Cost or valuation				
At 1 August 2021 Additions Disposals At 31 July 2022	22,730 384 - 23,114	2,743 255 (34) 2,964	204	25,677 639 (34) 26,282
Depreciation				
At 1 August 2021 Charged for the year Appropriated on disposals At 31 July 2022	5,616 467 - 6,083	2,001 215 (33) 2,183	114 17 - 131	7,731 699 (33) 8,397
Carrying amount at 31 July 2022	17,031	781	73	17,885
Carrying amount at 31 July 2021	17,114	742	90	17,946

Land and buildings includes land valued at £1,425,000 (2021 £1,425,000) on 1 August 2014 (the transition date to FRS 102) which is not depreciated. This was included at deemed cost. This valuation was performed by DVS Property Services, an independent valuer on a fair value basis.

If inherited land and buildings had not been valued, they would have been included at the following amounts:

	Cost Aggregate depreciation based on cost	2022 £'000 Nil Nil	2021 £'000 Nil Nil
	Carrying amount based on cost	Nil	Nil
11	Debtors Amounts falling due within one year:	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
	Trade debtors Prepayments and accrued income	9 293	13 437
	Total	302	450

Wyke Sixth Form College FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 July 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

12	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
12	Creater of Timounity Line (1997)	2022	2021
		£'000	£'000
	Bank loans	303	300
	Trade creditors	214	187
	Amounts owed to ESFA	18	_
	Other creditors	156	228
	Other taxation and social security	140	147
	Accruals and deferred income	221	274
	Government capital grants	484	403
	Government revenue grants	142	78
	Total	1,678	1,617
13	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year		
	Citations and and the control of the	2022	2021
		£'000	£'000
	Bank loans	2,287	2,590
	Government capital grants	11,338	11,619
		13,625	14,209
		2022	2021
		£'000	£'000
	Bank loans are repayable as follows:		
	In one year or less	303	300
	Between one and two years	307	303
	Between two and five years	943	931
	In five years or more	1,037	1,356
	Total	2,590	2,890

The College took out a loan of £2,500,000 for the Redevelopment Project, which was completed in 2010/11, on a revolving credit facility during 2007/08. As at 31 July 2022 £2,500,000 (2020 £2,500,000) had been drawn down. The loan is to be repaid over a 22-year period which commenced on completion of the project. In August 2013 the prevailing rates of interest were increased to 7.37% and 5.46% fixed and for the variable rate loan a margin of 2.9%. The prevailing variable interest rate at 31 July 2022 was 4.15 % (being the base rate of 1.25% and the margin rate 2.9%).

A further loan of £2.1m was taken out in August 2013 to finance phase three of the College redevelopment plus an additional £250k to support the working capital requirements of the College. This comprised seven separate drawdowns on a revolving credit facility, which termed out in October 2015 and became a term loan facility of 13 years. The prevailing variable interest rate at 31 July 2022 for the Barclays' loan was 3.50% (being the base rate of 1.25% and the margin rate 2.25%).

Wyke Sixth Form College FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

14	Financial instruments The College has the following financial instruments		
	The College has the following financial instruments:	2022	
		2022	2021
	Financial assets	£'000	£'000
	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss		
	Debt instruments measured at amortised cost:		
	Trade debtors	9	13
	Accrued income	136	173
	Total	145	186
		2022	2021
		£'000	£'000
	Financial liabilities		
	Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		
	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:		
	Trade creditors	214	187
	Bank loans	2,590	2,890
	Accruals	221	274
	Total	3,025	3,351
15	(a) Notes to cash flow statement		
		2022	2021
		£'000	£'000
	Surplus after tax for the year	157	246
	Adjustment for:		
	Depreciation	699	709
	Interest payable	152	148
	Pensions costs less contributions payable	464	267
	Operating cash flow	1,472	1,370
	Decrease/(Increase) in debtors	148	(165)
	(Decrease)/increase in creditors	(222)	176
	Cash generated from operations	1,398	1,381
		19070	1,201

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

15 (b) Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 1 August 2021	Cash	New finance leases	Other non- cash changes	At 31 July 2022 £000
	£000	£000	£000	£000	TOO O
Cash	1,365	337	-	-	1,702
Cash equivalents	-	-			
Overdraft facility	-	-	-	-	-
repayable on demand	1 2/5	227			1,702
C-111 4	1,365	337	-	-	1,702
Loans falling due within one year	(300)	300	-	(303)	(303)
Loans falling due after more than one year	(2,590)	-	-	303	(2,287)
Finance lease obligations	-	-	-	-	-
Total	(1,525)	637		_	(888)

16 Retirement benefits

The College's employees belong to two principal post-employment benefit plans: the Teachers' Pension Scheme England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff; and the East Riding Pension Fund (ERPF) for non-teaching staff, which is managed by East Riding of Yorkshire Council. Both are multi-employer defined-benefit plans.

		2022 £'000		2021 £'000
Teachers' Pension Scheme: contributions paid		821		805
East Riding Pension Fund:				
Contributions paid	427		385	
FRS 102 (28) charge	464		267_	
Charge to the Statement of Comprehensive Income	-	891	<u></u>	652
Total Pension Cost for Year within staff costs		1,712		1,457

The pension costs are assessed in accordance with the advice of independent qualified actuaries. The latest formal actuarial valuation of the TPS was 31 March 2016 and of the LGPS 31 March 2021.

Contributions amounting to £134,722 (2021 £136,253) were payable to the schemes at 31 July and are included within creditors.

Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers' Pension Scheme Regulations 2014. The TPS is an unfunded scheme and members contribute on a 'pay as you go' basis – these contributions, along with those made by employers, are credited to the Exchequer. The TPS is a multi-employer pension plan and there is insufficient information to account for the scheme as a defined benefit plan so it is accounted for as a defined contribution plan.

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

Not less than every four years the Government Actuary ("GA"), using normal actuarial principles, conducts a formal actuarial review of the TPS. The aim of the review is to specify the level of future contributions. Actuarial scheme valuations are dependent on assumptions about the value of future costs, design of benefits and many other factors.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

16 Retirement benefits (continued)

The latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at 31 March 2021 and in accordance with The Public Service Pensions (Valuation and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014 except it has been prepared following the Government's decision to pause the operation of the cost control mechanisms at the time when legal challenges were still pending.

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

The valuation report was published in April 2019. The key results of the valuation and subsequent consultation are:

- Total scheme liabilities for service (pensions currently payable and the estimated cost of future benefits) of £218 billion
- Value of notional assets (estimated future contributions together with the proceeds from the notional investments held at the valuation date) of £196 billion
- Notional past service deficit of £22 billion
- Discount rate is 2.4% in excess of CPI.

As a result of the valuation, new employer contributions rates were set at 23.68% of pensionable pay from September 2019 onwards. DfE has agreed to pay a teacher pension employer contribution grant to cover the additional costs during the 2021-22 academic year.

The pension costs paid to TPS in the year amounted to £820,825 (2021: £804,800). The next valuation result is due to be implemented from 1 April 2023.

East Riding Pension Fund

The East Riding Pension Fund is a funded defined-benefit plan, with the assets held in separate funds administered by East Riding of Yorkshire Council. The total contributions made for the year ended 31 July 2022 were £534,378, of which employer's contributions totalled £426,989 and employees' contributions totalled £107,389. The agreed contribution rates for future years are 22.2% for employers and range from 5.5% to 12.5% for employees, depending on salary.

The current valuation does not reflect the potential increase in benefits and therefore liability as a result of Guaranteed Minimum Pension ('GMP') equalisation between men and women which is required as a result of the removal of the Additional State Pension. Methodologies for a long-term solution are still being investigated by the Government as set out in the published (January 2018) outcome of the Government Consultation 'Indexation and Equalisation of GMP in Public Sector Pensions Schemes' and therefore the expected impact cannot be reliably estimated and consequently no provision/liability has been recognised.

Principal Actuarial Assumptions

The following information is based upon a full actuarial valuation of the fund at 31 March 2019 updated to 31 July 2021 by a qualified independent actuary.

	At 31 July	At 31 July
Rate of increase in salaries *	2022	2021
	2.92%	2.4%
Future pensions increases	2.7%	2.6%
Discount rate	3.50%	1.65%
Inflation assumption (CPI) *	2.7%	2.6%
Commutation of pensions to lump sums	60% - 80 %	60% - 80%

^{*} The College requested a bespoke salary assumption for 2022 of 5.0% p.a. until 31 March 2024, reverting to the long term assumption of CPI (2.7%) thereafter.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

16 Retirement benefits (continued)

The average life expectancy for a pensioner retiring at 65 on the reporting date is:

and an end on promisely not be promised to the	, ,	At 31 July 2022 Years	At 31 July 2021 Years
Retiring today			
Males		20.9	20.9
Females		23.3	23.3
Retiring in 20 years			
Males		21.8	21.8
Females		24.8	24.8

The College's share of assets in the plan at the balance sheet date were:

	Fair value at 31 July 2022 £'000	Fair value at 31 July 2021 £'000
Equity instruments	6,671	5,940
Debt instruments	1,462	1,660
Property	914	961
Cash	91	174
Total fair value of plan assets	9,138	8,735
Actual return on plan assets	(8)	1,322

The amount included in the balance sheet in respect of the defined benefit pension plan is as follows:

	Fair value at 31 July 2022 £2000	Fair value at 31 July 2021 £'000
Fair value of plan assets	9,138	8,735
Present value of plan liabilities	(7,620)	(10,305)
Plan surplus restriction	(1,518)	
Net pensions asset/(liability)		(1,570)

The actuary valuation at 31st July 2022, show that the plan is valued in a surplus position of £1,518,000. This surplus has not been recognised as an asset on the balance sheet at 31st July 2022 as the College lack sufficient control to be able to derive benefit from or realise the plan surplus. The plan surplus has therefore been restricted to £nil at the balance sheet date.

Amounts recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in respect of the plan are as follows:

Current service cost	2022 £'000 (892)	2021 £'000 (652)
Past service cost Net interest on the net defined benefit pension liability	(30)	(21)
Total	(922)	(673)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 July 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

16 Retirement benefits (continued)

17

Changes in the present value of defined beautifully	2022 £'000		2021 £'000
Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations Defined benefit obligations at start of period			
Current service cost	10,305		8,284
Interest cost	892		652
	177		129
Contributions by scheme participants	108		95
Change in demographic assumption and actuarial (gains)/losses	(3,737)		1,259
Benefits paid	(125)		(114)
Defined benefit obligations at end of period	7,620		10,305
	2022 £'000		2021 £'000
Changes in fair value of plan assets			
Fair value of plan assets at start of period	8,735		7,374
Interest income	147		108
Return on plan assets (excluding net interest on the net defined benefit liability)	/+ a=\		
Employer contributions	(155) 428		1,214
Contributions by scheme participants	428 108		385 95
Benefits paid	(125)		(114)
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	9,138	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8,735
Amounts disbursed as agent learner support funds			
	2022	2021	
Funding body grants	£'000	£'000	
Disbursed to students	397	375	
	(255)	(297)	
Balance unspent as at 31 July, included in creditors	142	78	

Funding body grants are available solely for students. In the majority of instances, the College only acts as a paying agent. In these circumstances, the grants and related disbursements are therefore excluded from the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 July 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

18	Capital commitments	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
	Commitments contracted for at 31 July	-	_
	Contracted for, but not provided in the financial statement	£3,337	

The College has entered into an agreement with the Department for Education (DfE) to undertake a building expansion project on the College site. The work undertaken up to 31st July 2022 has been included within fixed assets of £384,184. The expected remaining costs to completion are £3,336,501. The College has received funding of £359,383 to date from the Post 16 Capital Funding and a further £3,261,302 is expected to be received as the College fulfils the funding requirements.

19 Related party transactions

There were no related party transactions (2021 £nil).

20 Financial commitments

Commitments under operating leases:

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2022 £'000	£'000
Payments due: Not later than one year	28	41
Later than one year and not later than five years		27
Total lease payments due	28	68

INDEPENDENT REPORTING ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON REGULARITY TO THE CORPORATION OF WYKE SIXTH FORM COLLEGE AND THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR EDUCATION ACTING THROUGH THE EDUCATION AND SKILLS FUNDING AGENCY

In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 16 May 2022 and further to the requirements of the Education & Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) as included in the College Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022, we have carried out an engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether the expenditure disbursed and income received by Wyke Sixth Form College during the period 1 August 2021 to 31 July 2022 have been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

This report is made solely to Wyke Sixth Form College and the ESFA in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken so that we may state to Wyke Sixth Form College and the ESFA those matters we are required to state in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Wyke Sixth Form College and the ESFA, for our work, for this report, or for the conclusion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Wyke Sixth Form College and the reporting accountant

The Corporation of Wyke Sixth Form College is responsible, under the grant funding agreements and contracts with the ESFA and the requirements of the Further & Higher Education Act 1992, subsequent regulation and related regulations and guidance, for ensuring that expenditure disbursed and income received is applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. The Corporation of Wyke Sixth Form College is also responsible for preparing the Governing Body's Statement of Regularity, Propriety and Compliance.

Our responsibilities for this engagement are established in the United Kingdom by our profession's ethical guidance and are to obtain limited assurance and report in accordance with our engagement letter and the requirements of the Post-16 Audit Code of Practice 2021 to 2022. We report to you whether anything has come to our attention in carrying out our work which suggests that in all material respects, expenditure disbursed and income received during the year from 1 August 2021 to 31 July 2022 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament or that the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Approach

We conducted our engagement in accordance with the Post-16 Audit Code of Practice 2021 to 2022. We performed a limited assurance engagement as defined in our engagement letter.

The objective of a limited assurance engagement is to perform such procedures as to obtain information and explanations in order to provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express a negative conclusion on regularity.

A limited assurance engagement is more limited in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a positive opinion.

Our engagement includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the regularity and propriety of the College's income and expenditure.

The work undertaken to draw to our conclusion includes:

- Ensuring value for money is sought for all goods/services procured by the College, including those procured from related parties of the College;
- Ensuring that fixed asset additions are made in line with the terms of the funding received and that fixed asset disposals are properly authorised by the DfE;

INDEPENDENT REPORTING ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON REGULARITY TO THE CORPORATION OF WYKE SIXTH FORM COLLEGE AND THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR EDUCATION ACTING THROUGH THE EDUCATION AND SKILLS FUNDING AGENCY (CONTINUED)

- Ensuring that expenditure incurred through the College bank account and debit card is appropriate for the purposes of the College and that there has been no personal expenditure from the College funds;
- · Ensuring pension contributions are paid to the respective schemes in a timely manner;
- Ensuring returns required by regulatory or funding authorities are completed on a timely basis.

Conclusion

In the course of our work, nothing has come to our attention which suggests that in all material respects the expenditure disbursed and income received during the year from 1 August 2021 to 31 July 2022 has not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Smailes Goldie, Chartered Accountants

Statutory Auditor

Regent's Court

Princess Street

Hull

East Yorkshire

HU28BA

December 2022