









Theme →	American Identity	Work, Exchange, & Tech	Geography & Environment	Migration & Settlement	Politics & Power	America in the World	American & Regional Culture	Social Structures
<b>Unit 1</b> 1491-1607	Age of     Exploration: God,     glory, gold     Complex Native     American societies     Colonization     begins	Columbian     Exchange     Portuguese     caraval     Joint-stock     companies	Nomadism: Great Plains/Sioux     Maize: SW/Pueblo     Agriculture: Cherokee/Creek     Hunting/Gathering: SE/NW	<ul> <li>Native Americans         → diverse         societies from         cultural/environ.         differences</li> <li>Eur. primogeniture         laws → migration</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Europeans and Native Americans had different world views → diplomatic and military interactions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Exchange of crops (increases Euro. population), disease, and peoples</li> <li>Conquistadors</li> </ul>	Regional Native     American identities     New World     exploration →     wealth, spread     Christianity,     conquer territory	<ul> <li>Encomienda</li> <li>Spanish caste system</li> <li>Native American societies</li> </ul>
<b>Unit 2</b> 1607-1754	1st Great     Awakening     Regional colonial identities     Enlightenment	Transatlantic trade: slaves, raw materials, finished goods Mercantilism	New England:     subsistence     farming     Middle:     breadbasket;     cereal crops/grains     Southern: cash     crops (tobacco)	<ul> <li>Jamestown</li> <li>French/Dutch: colonial fur trade, intermarriage, alliances</li> <li>British: 13 Colonies         → regional differences</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Navigation Acts</li> <li>Mayflower Compact</li> <li>Salutary Neglect</li> <li>VA House of Burgesses</li> <li>Powhatan Confederacy</li> </ul>	European colonization:     British, French,     Dutch, Spanish     Glorious Rev. in GB     Pequot War     Metacom's War     Pueblo Revolt	<ul> <li>Pluralism</li> <li>Praying Towns</li> <li>Salutary neglect         → republicanism</li> <li>Freedom of         speech → Zenger         Trial</li> </ul>	Slavery → covert resistance (field hollers, breaking tools) and visible rebellion (Stono Rebellion)
<b>Unit 3</b>	<ul> <li>Revolution ideals</li> <li>Democracy, inalienable rights, egalitarianism</li> <li>Republican Motherhood</li> <li>Constitution → federalism, sep of powers</li> </ul>	Breech-loaded rifle, invisible ink, minutemen     Hamilton's Financial Plan:     Bank of US, consolidation of states' debt, import tariffs	<ul> <li>Britain gained territory in the 7 Yrs War</li> <li>Proclamation of 1763 prevented additional westward expansion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pontiac's Rebellion         → Proc. 1763         forbids settlement         past Appalachians</li> <li>Northwest         Ordinance (1787)</li> <li>Treaty of         Greenville</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Articles of Confederation → Constitution + Bill of Rights</li> <li>Alien and Sedition Acts (1798) → VA and KY Resolutions</li> <li>Election of 1800: Adams vs Jefferson</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>7 Yrs War → debt</li> <li>Colonial resistance (Sons of Lib., Boston Tea Party)</li> <li>US Independ: leadership, home adv, French support</li> <li>Inspired revolts in Haiti + Latin Amer.</li> </ul>	American independence     Cultural division: manufacturing + int'l trade vs yeoman farmers     Political division     Slavery debates     Compromises	<ul> <li>Loyalists vs         Patriots</li> <li>No taxation         without         representation</li> <li>Quakers/early         abolitionists</li> <li>Federalists vs         Anti-federalists</li> </ul>
<b>&gt; Unit 4</b> 1800-1848	<ul> <li>Era of Good Feelings</li> <li>Market Rev. → capitalism</li> <li>Manifest Destiny</li> <li>American Exceptionalism</li> <li>Reform, abolition, suffrage</li> <li>2nd Great Awake.</li> </ul>	Industrialization: steam engine, interchangeable parts, cotton gin, steel plow, textile mill, steamboats, canals     Mechanized production     Panic of 1819	Louisiana     Purchase     Gold and precious     minerals →     California Gold     Rush begins     Oregon Trail     Southern     agricultural     economy	<ul> <li>Old immigration (1820s-1840s): Germans and Irish</li> <li>Push factors: religious/political freedom + Irish potato famine</li> <li>Pull factors: economic opportunity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Political parties: feds/antifeds, whigs/dems</li> <li>Trail of Tears</li> <li>Embargo Act</li> <li>Nullification Crisis</li> <li>Guadalupe Hidalgo Treaty ends Mex-Amer. War</li> <li>Missouri Comp.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Foreign affairs:         War of 1812,         annexation of TX</li> <li>Monroe Doctrine</li> <li>Removal of Native         Americans →         Indian Removal Act</li> <li>Mex-Amer War →         Mexican Cession</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Transcendentalism</li> <li>Dorothea Dix → prison reform</li> <li>Horace Mann → education reform, free public school</li> <li>Seneca Falls</li> <li>Temperance</li> <li>Utopian movements</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Southern plantation aristocracy</li> <li>Northern business elites</li> <li>Lowell Mills: women enter workforce</li> <li>Anti-slavery resistance</li> </ul>
<b>© Unit 5</b> 1848-1877	<ul> <li>Sectional tension         → North vs South</li> <li>States' rights vs         Union → Civil War</li> <li>Emancipation</li> <li>Reconstruction</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Industrial age = continued economic prosperity</li> <li>Bessemer process</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Indust./educated North (factories, infrastruct.) vs rural South</li> <li>Sectionalism/polit. geography</li> <li>Union preserved</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Manifest Destiny         → migration         to/settlement of         the West; CA, OR,         TX, UT</li> <li>Mexican Cession:         new territory</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fugitive Slave Act</li> <li>New Amends: 13th (emanc.), 14th (citizenship), 15th (voting)</li> <li>Jim Crow</li> <li>Comp. of 1877</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Emancipation keeps Euro. out of the Civil War</li> <li>Anaconda Plan</li> <li>Natives/Mexicans oppressed</li> <li>Gadsden Purchase</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Anti-Catholic nativism</li> <li>Abolition</li> <li>South. resistance to reconstruction: sharecropping + voter suppression</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Free Soil →         Republican Party</li> <li>Secessionists</li> <li>Emancipation →         Freedmen's Bureau</li> <li>Plessy v Ferguson         → segregation</li> </ul>
<b>Lunit 6</b> 1865-1898	<ul> <li>The Gilded Age</li> <li>Settlement of West</li> <li>Homestead Act</li> <li>Urbanization</li> <li>Industrial</li> </ul>	Second industrial rev:electricity, lightbulbs, chemicals, telephones, radio,	<ul> <li>Westward expansion</li> <li>Commodore Matthew Perry → increased trade</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>New immigration: Southern and Eastern Europeans</li> <li>Transcont. Railroad</li> <li>Dawes Act</li> </ul>	Titans of Industry: Carnegie, Rockefeller, Morgan, Vanderbilt Sherman Antitrust	US Imperialism     begins →     resources + new     markets	Workers unions vs large corporations     Carlisle Indian School     Consumer culture	<ul> <li>Assimilationism</li> <li>Social Darwinism</li> <li>Middle class grows</li> <li>Social gospel</li> <li>Women → college</li> </ul>
<b>Unit 7</b> 1890-1945	<ul> <li>Reform and 19th Amend. → women's suffrage</li> <li>Imperialism and nationalism</li> <li>Isolationism ends in WWI</li> <li>Roaring 20s</li> <li>Rugged individualism</li> <li>Economic struggle and recovery</li> <li>US → superpower</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assembly line</li> <li>Stock-based econ./increasing debt</li> <li>Great Depression → New Deal</li> <li>Airplanes, camera, mass production for newspapers</li> <li>Nuclear/atomic warfare, machine guns, submarines</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Theodore         Roosevelt →         conservationism</li> <li>John Muir →         preservationism</li> <li>National Parks</li> <li>Span-Amer. War +         Imperialism → new         territories         (Caribbean and         Pacific)</li> <li>Great Depression         → shantytowns +         Hoovervilles</li> </ul>	Chinese Exclusion Act     Immigration Quotas (1921 + 1924)     Great Migration: African Americans move from rural South to fill industrial jobs in North and West during WWII → urbanization	Progressive Era → moral reform, democracy, econ.     Prohibition     WWI isolationism, Wilson's 14 pts     FDR: New Deal + Fair Employment → relief, recovery, reform     WWII: Executive Order 9066 → Japanese Internment     Allied victory → UN, IMF, World Bank	Annexation of Hawaii     Span-Amer. War     "Big-stick diplomacy" → Panama Canal, control of Latin America, banana republics     Zimmermann Telegram → US enters WWI     League of Nations     Russian Rev → fear of communism     Pearl Harbor → US enters WWII	"Lost Generation"     Harlem     Renaissance →     blues, jazz, literature     (Hurston/Hughes)     Muckrakers +     progressivists     Mass media →     fireside chats     Spanish Flu     Flappers     Red Scare     (1917-1920)     Scopes Trial     KKK	Nativism     Women: "Rosie the Riveter," Women's Army Corps, victory gardens     Braceros Program     Tuskegee Airmen + "Double V" Campaign     WWII Japanese Internment     Wartime tech/mobilization changes gender, immigration, and religious roles     Mass culture
<b>Unit 8</b> 1945-1980	<ul> <li>Baby boom</li> <li>Containment</li> <li>Xenophobia</li> <li>Civil Rights Movement</li> <li>Counterculture → protests and govt. distrust</li> <li>Reform</li> </ul>	Capitalism →     Marshall Plan for     post-war Europe     Space Race/NASA     → moon landing     Infrastructure:     Highway Act     TV, tech,     education	<ul> <li>Oil trade</li> <li>Environmental disasters</li> <li>Green Revolution: EPA formed; Silent Spring</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Levittowns: white, middle-class families create American suburbia</li> <li>Sun Belt vs Rust Belt</li> <li>New immigration laws</li> <li>Desegregation</li> </ul>	Civil Rights Act     Equal Pay Act     Voting Rights Act     Title IX     LBJ's Great     Society     Containment     1960s liberalism     1970s →     Watergate,     Stagflation, and     Iran Hostage Crisis     lead to distrust	Cuban Missile Crisis Cold War proxy conflicts: Korean War, Vietnam War Truman Doctrine/domino theory Mutually Assured Destruction (MAD) Conflict with the Middle East → Energy Crisis of the 1970s	Civil Rights: MLK, Malcolm X, Rosa Parks; Black Panthers, freedom riders/ summer     Modern Feminism: birth control, Roe v Wade, equal rights     White flight     Second Red Scare     Rock, hippies, Woodstock     Anti-war protests     → Pentagon Papers	<ul> <li>Post-war growth</li> <li>Civil Rights</li> <li>Black nationalism</li> <li>United Farm Workers</li> <li>American Indian Movement (AIM)</li> <li>Stonewall → LGBTQ+ rights</li> <li>Sexual revolution</li> <li>Hawks vs Doves</li> <li>Anti-conformity → Beat Movement</li> </ul>
• <b>Unit 9</b> 1980-Pres	Globalization →     world affairs     Int'l diplomacy +     New World Order     Unity post-9/11     Pop. culture	Reaganism →     trickle-down,     restrained govt.     spending, less     reg., reduced     inflation     Internet,     cellphones,     computers,     genetic     engineering, big     tech, nuclear     energy	Mainstream recycling     Hurricane Katrina     Climate change     Fossil fuels vs renewable energy     Paris Climate Agreement	Immigration Reform and Control Act (1986) Increase in Latin American and Asian immigrants DACA US/Mexico border	Reagan Revolution     → conservatism     (1980)     Americans with     Disabilities Act     (ADA) passed     Bush v. Gore     Guantanamo Bay     Affordable Care     Act (2011)	Iran-Contra affair     Increased military spending, diplomacy, and USSR debts → Cold War ends     Controversial military efforts → Afghanistan + Iraq     War on Terrorism     Foreign policy → peacekeeping, interventionism	<ul> <li>Foreign conflict</li> <li>Tech/.com boom</li> <li>Y2K</li> <li>9/11 Attacks</li> <li>Debates about the scope of government → healthcare, economy, human rights</li> <li>Mass shootings</li> </ul>	Social media → global connection     Stagnant wages for middle class increases econ. Inequality     Same-sex marriage     Millenials + Gen Z     Activism