

Recognition of Prior Learning Policy and Procedures (RPL)

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Responsible Person: Chief Executive and Principal –
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Definition

A method of assessment [leading to the award of credit] that considers whether a learner can demonstrate that they meet the assessment requirements for a unit through knowledge, understanding or skills they already possess and do not need to develop a course of learning.

Introduction

UK Graduate seeks to enable learners to avoid the duplication of learning and assessment. There are two ways in which this will be achieved:

- The opportunity to transfer credits, i.e. to recognise previously accredited achievement from within or outside the NVQ, SVQ and VRQ to count towards other qualifications.
- For individuals with learning or achievements that have not been certificated/accredited it may be possible to assess and validate of these through RPL process. These achievements may then count towards a qualification.

Audience

The intended audiences for this document are:

- Chief Quality Assurer
- External Quality Assurer
- Internal Quality Assurer
- Assessors
- UK Graduate Admin staff

The policy and procedure will apply to:

- City & Guild qualifications
- Approved Units of Assessment

To achieve the above, a learner must produce valid and reliable evidence of learning to support any claims based on experience. A learner may claim RPL against a whole unit or several units. It is not possible to award part units, but where the RPL evidence does not fully meet the needs of a complete unit, the missing information may be provided via the same assessment processes that are undertaken by a taught group of learners.

In order to achieve recognition of achievement there are two options open to the learner:

- Undertake the same assessments as those following the formal course of learning and assessment that lead to the desired unit or qualification. These assessments may be undertaken without attending the teaching sessions.
- Submit a portfolio of evidence based on previous learning, skills and / or competence cross referenced to the learning outcomes and assessment criteria of the unit or units for which RPL is being sought.

Under some circumstances there may be a limit to the proportion of a qualification that can be achieved by either credit transfer or RPL. Full details of these requirements will be identified in the rules of combination for any qualifications offered by certain awarding bodies.

Learners wishing to avail themselves of this method of accreditation must negotiate the procedure with the organisation through which they wish to claim the award of credit.

The learner must play an active role in the process as he/she must produce evidence and map it to the learning outcomes and assessment criteria of all units they wish to claim. Our Assessors/IQA will be available to give specialist advice on this process. The individual wishing to make the claim may also require the support of their employer or other organisation (e.g., if they have worked as an unpaid volunteer) to be able to confirm achievement of assessment criteria for which there is no tangible evidence, e.g., practical tasks.

Principles of RPL:

According to 'Claiming Credit –Guidance on the recognition of prior learning within the Qualifications and Credit Framework' the five principles of RPL are as follows:

1. RPL is a valid method of enabling individuals to claim credit for units and qualifications of the City & Guilds, irrespective of how the learning took place and the assessments undertaken. There is no difference between the achievement of the required standards through prior learning and through a formal programme of study.
2. RPL must comply with all regulatory requirements for assessment. RPL policies, processes, procedures, practices, and decisions should be transparent, rigorous, reliable, fair, and accessible to individuals and stakeholders to ensure that users can be confident of the decisions and outcomes of RPL.
3. RPL is a learner-centered voluntary process. The individual should be offered advice on the nature and range of evidence considered appropriate to support a claim for assessing RPL and be given guidance and support to make his or her claim.
4. The process of RPL is subject to the same standard of quality assurance and monitoring processes as any other form of learning and assessment.
5. Assessment methods for RPL must be of equal rigor as other assessment methods, must be fit for purpose and relate to the evidence of learning. An individual may claim RPL for any whole unit unless the assessment criteria of a unit states otherwise. For example, if an external assessment sets the standard of learning outcome that a learner must achieve, then the learner must pass the external assessment to achieve the unit and gain the credit.

Guidance for implementation

Stage 1:

Awareness raising regarding claiming of credit, information, advice and guidance

Once learners have decided to consider their learning for RPL purposes, they will need to know about:

- How to claim credit via the RPL process
- Timelines, appeals processes, and any fees or subsidies
- The accuracy of existing evidence, qualification, experience, skills or competence. (i.e. Does the evidence relate to current learning? Where awarding bodies and / or professional, statutory or regulatory bodies have specific requirements and / or time limits for the currency of evidence, certification, or demonstration of learning; these should be made clear and transparent.

Stage 2:

Pre-assessment gathering, evidence and giving information

When an individual has decided to pursue an RPL route towards achievement it is vital that the learner is fully informed of the RPL process and has sufficient support to make a viable claim and to make decisions about evidence collection and presentation for assessment.

During this stage, the candidate will carry out the evidence collection and develop an assessment plan. The evidence required for the award of credit will depend on the purpose, learning outcomes and assessment criteria for the relevant unit within the QCF.

Stage 3:

Assessment or Documentation of evidence

Assessment as part of RPL and within the City & Guilds framework is a structured process for gathering and reviewing evidence and making judgments about a candidate's prior learning and experience in relation to unit standards. Assessment must be valid and reliable to ensure the integrity of units and qualifications and the RPL system. The assessment process for RPL must be subject to the Awarding body quality assurance processes as any other of the assessment process. Learners' work which contributes towards their claim for credit via the RPL process should be internally and externally verified and all achievement documented as for conventional learner achievement, all RPL-related achievement should be marked as such in all documentation.

Stage 4:

Awarding Credit

Awarding organisations are responsible for awarding credit. The procedure is the same as for other forms of assessment. The credit is recorded in the learner record.

Stage 5:

Feedback

After the assessment, the assessor will need to give feedback to the candidate, discussing the results and giving support and guidance on the options available to the candidate, which may include, for example; further learning and development.

Stage 6:

Appeal

If claimants wish to appeal against a decision made about their claim for credit (via the RPL process) they would need to follow the standard appeals process that exists within UK Graduate appeals procedure.