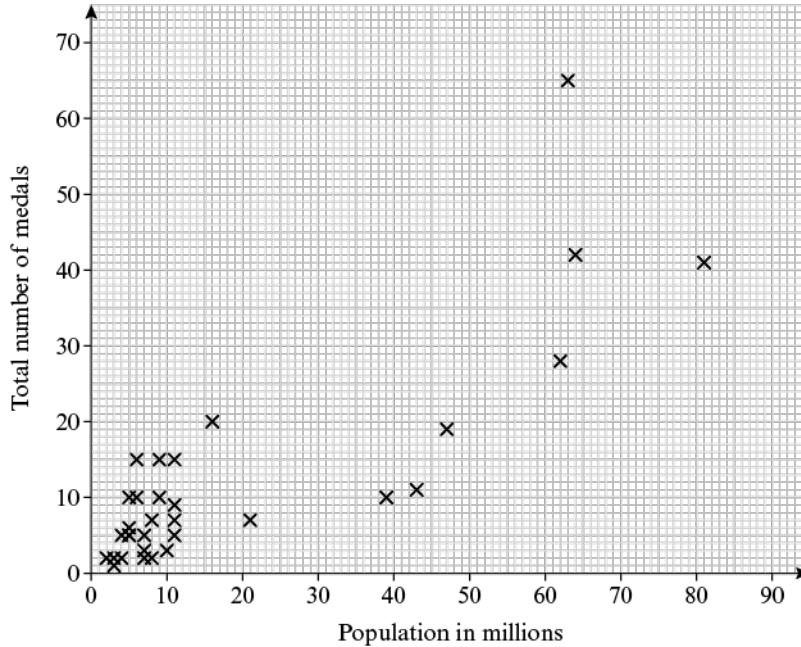


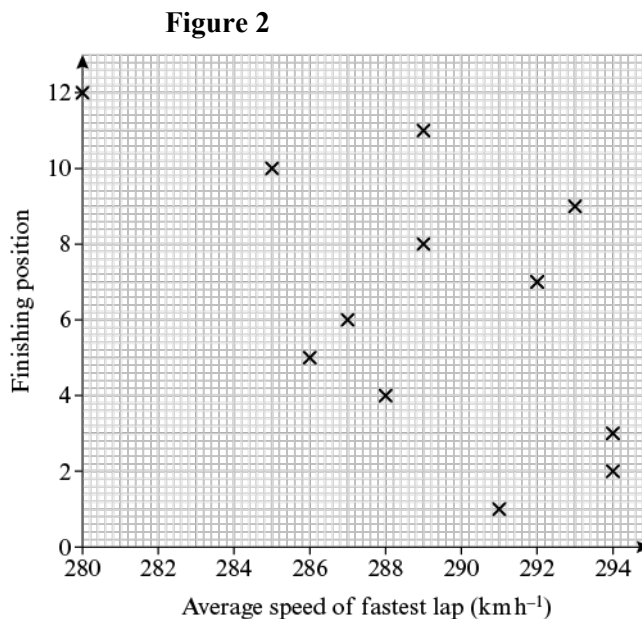
- 1 Figure 1 shows the population in millions, p , and the total number of medals won, m , for the European countries that won medals at an athletics tournament.

Figure 1



- a Describe the correlation between p and m . (1 mark)
- b Find the value of the product moment correlation coefficient between p and m .
 You may use $S_{pp} = 15\,004$, $S_{mm} = 6\,110$ and $S_{pm} = 7\,968$ (2 marks)
- c Interpret the correlation between p and m in context. (1 mark)
- d Many European countries did not win any medals in the tournament.
 Describe the effect this would have on the correlation coefficient found in part b if these were included in the data. (1 mark)
- e China has a population of approximately 1.4 billion.
 Apart from China not being in Europe, give a reason why the correlation found in part b may not apply to China. (1 mark)

- 2 Figure 2 shows the finishing position, y , against the average speed of the fastest lap, x in km h^{-1} , for a randomly chosen motorcycle race which was held over eight laps with 12 competitors.



- a Find the value of the product moment correlation coefficient between the finishing position and average speed of the fastest lap. **(2 marks)**
 You may use $S_{xx} = 190.00$, $S_{yy} = 143$ and $S_{xy} = -95$
- b Interpret the correlation between the finishing position and the average speed of the fastest lap in context. **(1 mark)**
- c Stating your hypotheses clearly, test whether or not there is a negative correlation between finishing position and average speed of fastest lap. **(4 marks)**
 Use a 5% level of significance.
- 3 The quality manager of a food-producing factory wants to investigate if there is a correlation between the area of the top of a certain brand of cake, a , measured in mm^2 , and the quality measure, q , measured on a scale between 0 and 1.

The quality manager selects a random sample of 30 cakes and records the area and quality measure for each cake. They calculated,

$$\Sigma q = 7.953, \Sigma q^2 = 2.796, S_{aa} = 2\,202\,699, S_{aq} = 11.2247$$

- a Calculate the product moment correlation coefficient between a and q . **(4 marks)**
- b Based on the correlation coefficient in part a, explain why we cannot assume there is no relationship between a and q . **(1 mark)**

- 4 A summer school ranked their courses based on the number of students enrolled, with the course with the most students enrolled given rank 1.

Table 1 shows the student satisfaction score for the ten most popular courses.

Student satisfaction is a score from 1 to 5, where 5 is most satisfied.

Table 1

Rank, p	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Student satisfaction, q	4.32	4.19	4.25	4.15	4.4	4.2	4.09	4.13	3.95	4.1

- a Calculate Spearman's rank correlation coefficient for p and q . **(4 marks)**
 - b Describe the correlation between p and q and interpret this in context. **(2 marks)**
 - c Explain why it would not be sensible to assume that this correlation applies to all courses run by the summer school. **(1 mark)**
 - d Without re-calculating the correlation coefficient, state if the Spearman's rank correlation coefficient would change if the student satisfaction for the course ranked third was 4.28 instead of 4.25. Explain your answer. **(1 mark)**
- 5 A researcher is investigating if lighter mountain bikes are more expensive.

A random sample of 12 different models of mountain bikes for sale in America was selected.

The mass, m , in lbs, and price when new, p , in US dollars, of each model of bike was recorded.

The conversion $x = \frac{m}{2.2}$ was used to convert the mass from lbs to kg.

The conversion $y = 0.74p$ was used to convert the price from US dollars to UK pounds.

The following results were obtained,

$$\Sigma x = 171.36, \Sigma x^2 = 2645.08, S_{xx} = 17.96$$

$$S_{yy} = 702114, S_{xy} = 702114$$

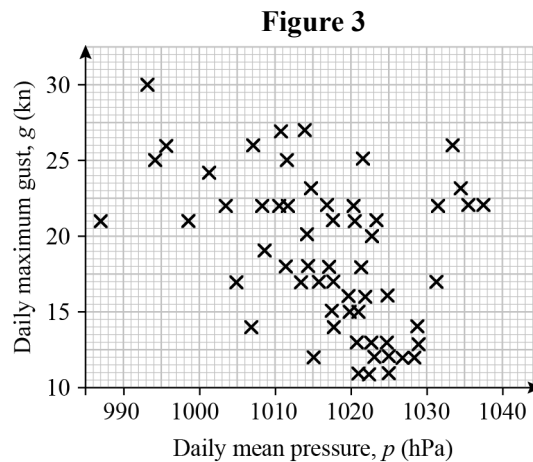
- a Find the value of the product moment correlation coefficient between x and y . **(2 marks)**
- b Work out the value of S_{ww} . **(2 marks)**
- c Write down the value of the product moment correlation coefficient between m and p . **(1 mark)**
- d State two limitations of this analysis. **(2 marks)**

- 6 The speed and direction of wind and wind gusts affect the safety of aircraft taking off and landing.

A meteorologist collected data on the daily maximum gust, g in kn, and daily mean pressure, p in hPa, at an airport in London for the 61 days during September and October 2015.

She coded the data using $x = 1.15g$ to convert the daily maximum gust into miles per hour.

The raw data and part of the analyses were corrupted by a computer virus. Only a scatter diagram (Figure 3) and some summary statistics survived.



$$S_{pp} = 5268 \quad \Sigma x = 1300 \quad \Sigma x^2 = 29\,516 \quad S_{px} = -1320$$

where,

p is the daily mean pressure in hectopascals (hPa)

g is daily maximum gusts in knots (kn)

x is daily maximum gusts in miles per hour.

The coding $x = 1.15g$ was used as 1 knot = 1.15 miles per hour.

- a** Find the value of the product moment correlation coefficient between p and x . **(4 marks)**
- b** Write down the value of the product moment correlation coefficient between p and x . **(1 mark)**

The pressure reading on a certain day at the airport in September is 1032 hPa.

- c** Comment on whether you would expect the day to be windy, giving a reason, based on Figure 3 and your answer to part **b**. **(2 marks)**

- 7 A consumer website gave percentage ratings to a random sample of 10 washing machines based on a quality system, to see if there is a correlation between the quality and cost of the washing machines.

The quality system took into account ease of use, design, performance, and instructions.

Table 2

Rating (%)	69	87	54	73	95	49	66	55	74	67
Cost (£)	550	1699	220	700	2000	519	348	800	1049	550

- a** Show that the Spearman's rank correlation coefficient for this data is 0.827. **(5 marks)**
- b** Stating your hypotheses clearly, test whether this data supports the claim that there is a correlation between the rating and the cost of washing machines, at a 5% significance level. **(4 marks)**
- c** State one limitation of this analysis. **(1 marks)**