



BR5 Cooperative structures for climate impact

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Sfr-consulting (Sustainable Finance Risk consulting) is a registered broker and advisory company founded by Munich Re. Since 2016 sfr-consulting works to support the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals by developing innovative insurance solutions to enhance the economic resilience of developing countries

Our work

- Mobilizes private investment in sustainable projects aligned to the Sustainable Development Goals.
- Supports the sustainable political agenda of developing countries.
- Strengthen the economic resilience of developing countries after a natural hazard.



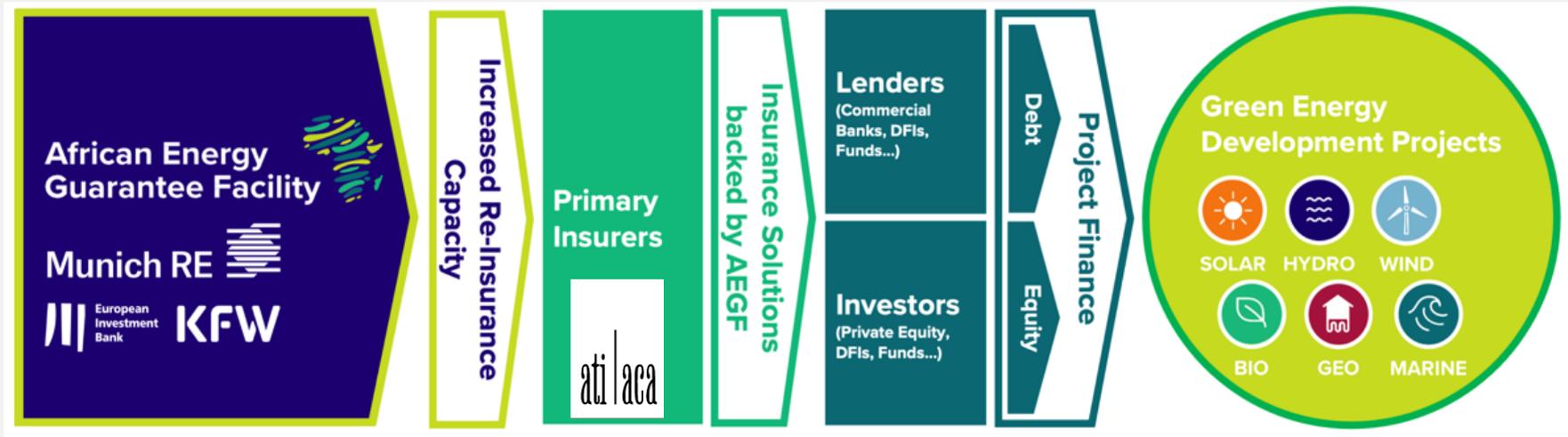
Cooperative Structures

.....we have seen in the past

Type	Examples
Insurance – Reinsurance (Public to Private or Private to Public)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• MIGA Reinsurance Programs• ECA Reinsurance Programs• OPIC Reinsurance for „US related“ insurers• Recent Covid related reinsurance of German Government for private credit insurers
Donors Support to (Re)insurers (premium subsidy etc.)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• African Risk Capacity• Agricultural programs (India, Africa)
Risk Sharing Programs of DFIs	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• IFC MCPP
(Re)insurers – DFIs	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Surety Program in Latam• African Energy Guarantee Facility• Regional Liquidity Support Facility

Cooperative Structure for climate impact

.....African Energy Guarantee Facility (AEGF)



This breakout will look at examples or proposals for cooperative structures and ask participants to discuss how these could be used to enhance cooperation between public / private, multilateral / national and trade / development institutions to increase capacity for climate finance.

- Why don't we see more cooperation between different types of institutions on climate projects?
- Is mandate still an issue? Or are we beginning to converge around some shared green objectives?
- Is it possible to create specific financial tools to enhance cooperation between institutions and to eliminate roadblocks?

Why don't we see more cooperation between different types of institutions on climate projects?

- Who cooperates with different types of institutions to foster climate projects and what experience have you made?
- What –if any- difficulties have you encountered? e.g. administrative burden
- What hindered you to considered the cooperation between different types of institutions?

Is mandate still an issue? Or are we beginning to converge around some shared green objectives?

- What is your company's defined green objectives?
- Do we operate all under the same mandate?
- How do you define your company's regional focus of activity?
- Do we target the proper risk to mobilize investments in sustainable green energy projects?

Is it possible to create specific financial tools to enhance cooperation between institutions and to eliminate roadblocks

Demand evaluation

- Verify potential market gaps where financial tools can leverage climate finance
- Elaborate areas where emerging risks need the allocation of risk mitigating public funds to make climate finance appealing

Supply evaluation

- What are the instruments of the public community which support the transfer towards climate finance?
- Who is eligible? Are potential eligible criteria roadblocks?
- Who are the best candidates for the development of financial tools ?