





Part 2: Maintenance, mid-contract management, reenrollment, and cultural resources



Washington CREP Training January, 2016





### MAINTENANCE

 CD or NRCS reviews maintenance plan with producer.

 CD provides list of reputable contractors to producer.







# MAINTENANCE FUNDING

- CD seasonally or annually requests funds from WSCC for maintenance (exhibit D) in advance of the work.
- WSCC approves fund request and adds funds to the CD grant.
- After landowner completes maintenance, they submit receipts to CD for payment.
- CD provides receipts and voucher to SCC for payment.
- SCC amends grant and CD pays the landowner.





# MID-CONTRACT MANAGEMENT, PART 1

- Contract requirement to perform actions needed for enhancement or to treat deficiency in buffer
- For contracts dated May 2003 or older, No further action (unless participant wants to do mid-contract management).
- If newer than 2003, CD or NRCS conducts mid-contract management inspection in years 5-7.
- CD provides inspection to FSA.





# MID-CONTRACT MANAGEMENT, PART 2

- Contract dated May 2003 or later without mid-contract management practices:
  - If buffer meets criteria, no further action,
  - If buffer does not meet quality criteria, producer can apply for a cost share through County Committee, Exhibit D for State share via CD; and CD/NRCS amends conservation plan with CoC approval.





### MID-CONTRACT MANAGEMENT, PART 3

- Contract dated May 2003 or later <u>with</u> midcontract management practices:
  - If buffer meets criteria, producer can apply for a waiver through County Committee. Waivers be approved by FSA State Committee. Should be rare.
  - If buffer does not meet quality criteria, producer can apply for a cost share through County Committee, Exhibit D for State share via CD; and CD/NRCS amends conservation plan with CoC approval.





### RE-ENROLLMENT: COMMUNICATION

- Ideally, CD conducts re-enrollment inspections 1-2 years before end of contract. Talk with landowner about maintenance needs, if any.
- FSA notifies producer and CD of pending contract expiration 1 year before contract end date.
- Begin process early; for FSA, no need to wait until 6 months before expiration.

# RE-ENROLLMENT: TIMING



 Producer signs CRP-2C, plan and new CRP-1 before current rental end date.

 CD or NRCS technician reviews project and determines how much is meeting or not meeting specification.







# RE-ENROLLMENT, INSPECTIONS

- If improvement needed, CD or NRCS technician provides estimated costs for a new plan and reviews with CoC to decide if re-enrollment is economically viable.
  - If CoC determines re-enrollment with additional work is economically viable, then:
  - CD or NRCS technician writes a new plan,
  - CRP-1 is signed,
  - Cost share is the same as a new contract with maintenance for that portion costshared.

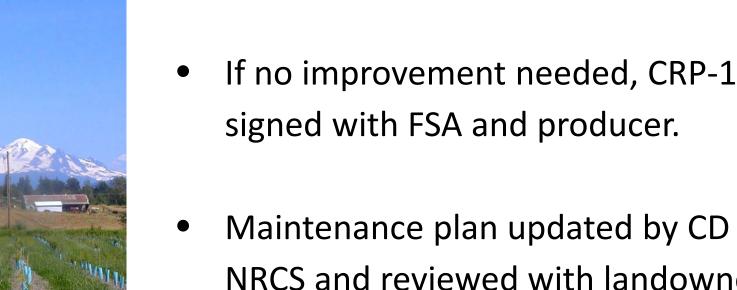


# RE-ENROLLMENT, INSPECTIONS

- If CoC determines re-enrollment is not viable,
- FSA notifies producer of ineligibility using CRP-26.



# RE-ENROLLMENT, NO WORK NEEDED



Maintenance plan updated by CD or NRCS and reviewed with landowner input.

Mid-contract management required.

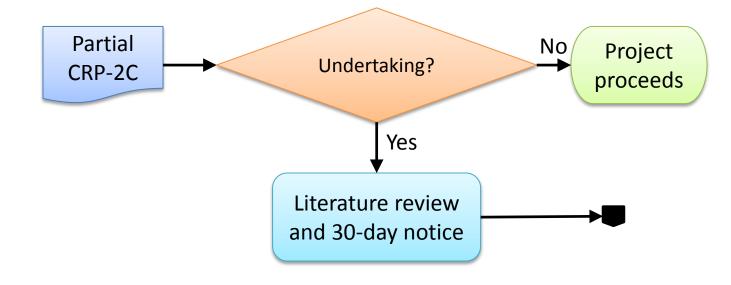






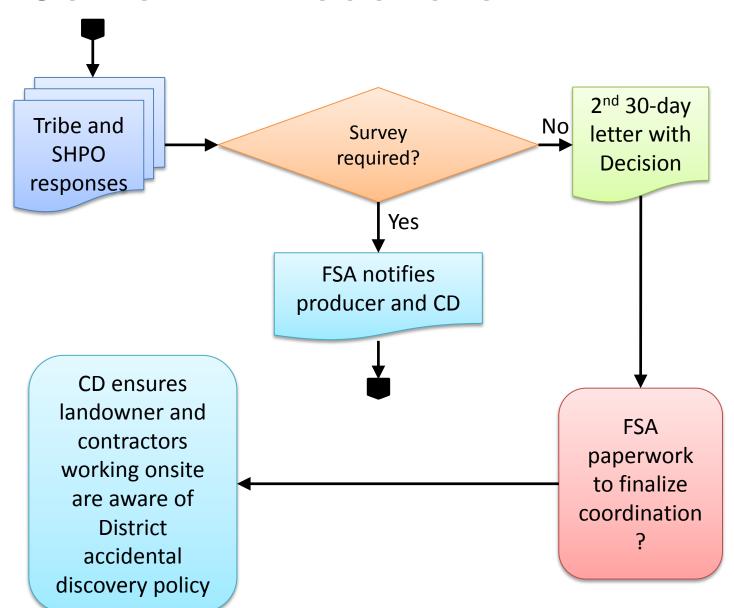
# **CULTURAL RESOURCES**

 FSA determines if any undertaking will occur. If so, conducts literature search and starts 1st 30-day notification to SHPO and Tribes concerning area of potential effect



# Conservation Commission Washington State FARM SERVICE AGENCY USDA NRCS Natural Resources Conservation Service

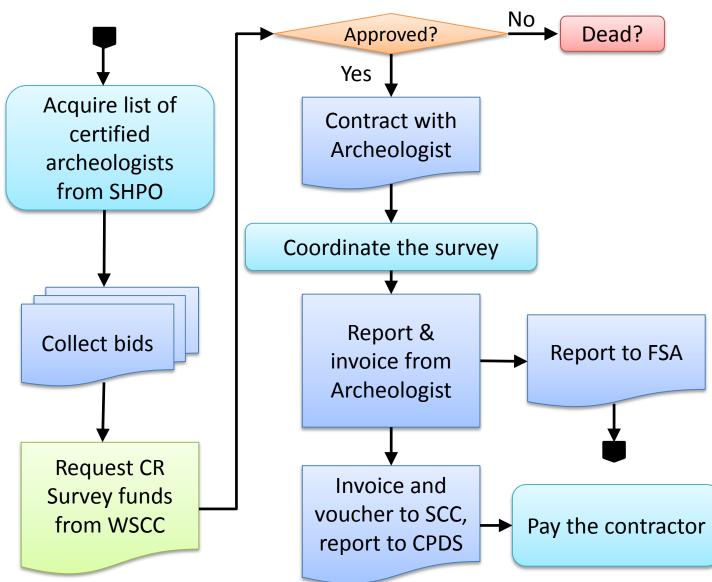
# **CULTURAL RESOURCES**



# CULTURAL RESOURCES, CD ACTIONS







# CULTURAL RESOURCES, FSA ACTIONS





