



Cape Independence

Advocacy group

Manifesto

2020-05-14 - Version 1.0



English

Manifesto - Cape Independence Advocacy Group



Afrikaans

Manifes - Kaapse Onafhanklikheid-Voorspraakgroep



isiXhosa

Isibhengezo - Iqela leNkxaso kwiNkululeko yeKapa



English - Cape Independence Advocacy Group

Manifesto

Who are we?

Worried about the future for our families, our friends and our compatriots, concerned citizens from many walks of life, and across the political spectrum, have united around a common conviction that the political power exercised over the Cape peoples must, first and foremost, be chosen by, and accountable to, the Cape electorate and not the South African central government, for whom the Cape is not a priority.

As individuals we contribute our professional expertise, and in many cases personal resources, to pursue Cape independence, firmly believing it will deliver a better life for all Cape citizens regardless of their race, religion or culture. Together we form the 'Cape Independence Advocacy Group'.

What problems are we trying to solve?

Our democracy is broken. By definition democracy requires a government to be elected by, and govern with, the consent of the people.

Since 1994 only one political party has governed South Africa, and therefore by extension, the (Western) Cape. During this period that political party, the ANC, has never once had the support of the majority of Cape voters (50%+1). They currently govern the Cape from Pretoria with 28.6% of the vote, and average only 35% of the vote since 1994.

One statistic illustrates the severity of this problem more than any other; had the Cape unanimously voted for any political party other than the ANC at every single election, it wouldn't have changed the outcome of any of them, and the ANC would still govern the Cape with 0% of the vote. In the light of this, the people of the Cape do not have genuine democracy because our wishes are irrelevant to the electoral process and our national government is chosen in spite of, rather than by, us.

This lack of genuine democracy is not just some philosophical enigma, it has had devastating consequences for the people of the Cape. The ANC government we didn't elect has systematically used its power to undermine, marginalize and discriminate against the people of the Cape. Not only have the ANC enacted disastrous economic policies which have devastated our economy, left us with some of the highest rates of unemployment and lowest rates of education in the world, and leaving millions to live in crushing poverty, they have deliberately suppressed the majority of Cape citizens on the basis of their race, even at times, as the constitutional court itself stated, in contravention of its own racist laws, laws which even of themselves were not supported by the citizens of the Cape.



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What solutions do we propose?

Our purpose is to establish genuine democracy in the Cape, handing political power to the people of the Cape and removing it from Pretoria. In legal terms this right which we are seeking is referred to as 'self-determination'.

To return political power to the people of the Cape we are committed to obtaining a referendum, in which every registered voter in the Cape will get to vote, asking the Cape people whether they would prefer to remain as a part of South Africa and be governed from Pretoria, or whether they would rather break away from South Africa and establish a new independent Country, The Cape of Good Hope, which they would then govern for themselves.

As a group we do not propose specific policies beyond handing political power to the people of the Cape, the Cape peoples themselves must elect political leaders who will govern the Cape and make decisions on their behalf, as their elected representatives.

We will however, as is legally required in the formation of a new country, develop a 'Bill of Rights' in co-ordination with other groups seeking Cape independence.

Contained within it will be an absolute rejection of racism in all forms, including the classification of people by race, and any policy which would be premised upon such classification. It will also contain an immigration policy, consistent with international norm and best practices, which will ensure that the upliftment of Cape citizens is prioritised, whilst inward migration is controlled and limited to those who can contribute to the development and well-being of our new country.

How do we plan to achieve a referendum on Independence?

The strategy of our group is to raise awareness that Cape Independence is a genuinely achievable possibility and to promote the benefits of a 'Leave' vote. We will do this in 4 ways:

1. Increase visibility of the Independence movement by promoting and facilitating the display of Cape Independence symbols such as the proposed Cape of Good Hope Flag
2. Run a PR campaign to increase the amount of media coverage given to Cape Independence
3. Conduct a political campaign seeking to influence the positions held by major political parties on Cape Independence
4. Support other groups seeking Cape Independence via peaceful and lawful means



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How can you help?

Above all else Cape Independence is a people's movement and every and any contribution you can make will be greatly welcomed.

Some of the ways you can help are:

1. Become an advocate for independence yourself and spread the word.
2. Become an activist and register on our mailing list and database so we can inform you about upcoming events. Mobilise other people to do the same.
3. Donate - Support us financially so we can become even more effective.
4. Provide us with resources which could assist– e.g. a free billboard site on your land, a function venue to hold meetings, an outlet to sell our merchandise, etc.
5. Offer your professional expertise in your field to our campaign.
6. Leverage your network and introduce us to influential people who would be sympathetic to our cause.

Our Commitment

Our group is committed to, democratically, lawfully and peacefully, obtaining independence for the collective peoples of the (Western) Cape.



Afrikaans - Kaapse Onafhanklikheid-Voorspraakgroep

Manifes

Wie is ons?

Kommer oor die toekoms vir ons families, ons vriende en ons landgenote het besorgde burgers vanuit verskeie lewensterreine en oor die hele politieke spektrum heen verenig tot 'n gemeenskaplike oortuiging. Ons is oortuig dat die politieke mag wat oor die mense van die Kaap uitgeoefen word, eerstens gekies behoort te word deur en verantwoordbaar gehou word teenoor die Kaapse kiesers en nie die Suid-Afrikaanse sentrale regering, vir wie die Kaap nie 'n prioriteit is nie.

As individue dra ons ons professionele kundigheid, en in baie gevalle persoonlike hulpbronne, by om Kaapse onafhanklikheid na te streef. Ons glo dat dit 'n beter lewe vir alle burgers van die Kaap sal bied, ongeag hul ras, godsdiens of kultuur.

Saam vorm ons die Kaapse onafhanklikheid-voorspraakgroep, oftewel 'Cape Independence Advocacy Group'.

Watter probleme probeer ons oplos?

Ons demokrasie is gebreek. Per definisie vereis demokrasie dat die regering verkies word deur, en regeer word met, die instemming van die mense.

Sedert 1994 regeer slegs een politieke party Suid-Afrika en daarom, deur verlenging, die (Wes- Kaap) Gedurende hierdie tydperk het die politieke party, die ANC, nog nie een keer die steun van die meerderheid Kaapse kiesers (50% + 1) gehad nie. Hulle regeer tans die Kaap vanuit Pretoria met 28,6% van die stemme, en gemiddeld slegs 35% van die stemme sedert 1994.

Een statistiek illustreer die erns van hierdie probleem meer as enige ander: al sou die Kaap eenparig vir enige ander politieke party as die ANC gestem het met elke verkiesing, sou dit nie die uitslag van enige daarvan verander het nie. Die ANC sou die Kaap steeds met 0% van die stemme regeer. In die lig hiervan geniet die inwoners van die Kaap nie ware demokrasie nie siende dat ons wense irrelevant is in die verkiesingsproses. Ons nasionale regering word gekies ten spyte van, eerder as deur, ons.

Hierdie gebrek aan ware demokrasie is nie net een of ander filosofiese raaisel nie, dit het verwoestende gevolge vir die mense van die Kaap gehad. Die ANC-regering, wat ons nie verkies het nie, het sy mag stelselmatig gebruik om die mense van die Kaap te ondermyn, te marginaliseer en teen te diskrimineer. Nie net het die ANC rampspoedige ekonomiese beleid ingestel wat ons ekonomie verwoes het, ons met van die hoogste werkloosheidskoerse, die laagste onderwystervlakke ter wêreld, en miljoene mense in armoede gelaat het nie. Die ANC het ook die grootste deel van die Kaapse burgers onderdruk op grond van hul ras, wat selfs soms, soos die konstitusionele hof self verklaar het, in stryd was met hul eie rassistiese wette, wette wat nie deur die Kaapse burgers ondersteun is nie.



Watter oplossings stel ons voor?

Ons oogmerk is om ware demokrasie in die Kaap te vestig, politieke mag aan die inwoners van die Kaap oor te gee en dit uit Pretoria te verwyder. In registerme word na hierdie reg waarna ons streef verwys as 'selfbeskikking'.

Ten einde politieke mag aan die Kaapse bevolking terug te gee, is ons daartoe verbind om 'n referendum te bekom waarin elke geregistreerde kieser in die Kaap sal kan stem. Die mense van die Kaapse sal gevra word of hulle verkies om deel van Suid-Afrika te bly en deur Suid-Afrika regeer te word vanuit Pretoria of sou hulle eerder van Suid-Afrika wou wegbreek en 'n nuwe onafhanklike land, die Kaap van Goeie Hoop / Kaapse Republiek stig, wat hulle dan self sou regeer.

As 'n groep stel ons nie enige spesifieke beleid voor behalwe om politieke mag aan die mense van die Kaap te oorhandig nie. Die mense van die Kaap moet self politieke leiers kies wat die Kaap sal regeer en namens hulle besluite sal neem as hul verkose verteenwoordigers.

Ons sal egter, soos wetlik vereis word in die vorming van 'n nuwe land, 'n 'Handves van Regte' daarstel in samewerking met ander groepe wat Kaapse onafhanklikheid nastreef. 'n Absolute verwerping van rassisme in alle vorme sal hierin vervat word, insluitend die indeling van mense volgens ras sowel as enige beleid wat sodanige klassifikasie as grondslag het. Dit sal ook 'n immigrasiebeleid bevat in ooreenstemming met internasionale norme en beste praktyke wat sal verseker dat die opheffing van Kaapse burgers geprioritiseer word, terwyl inkomende migrasie beheer word en beperk is tot diegene wat kan bydra tot die ontwikkeling en welstand van ons nuwe land.

Hoe beplan ons om 'n referendum oor onafhanklikheid te bewerkstellig?

Ons groep se strategie is om bewusmaking te skep oor die werklik haalbare moontlikheid van Kaapse onafhanklikheid en om die voordele van 'n 'verlaat'-stem aan te moedig. Ons beoog om bogenoemde op vier maniere te doen:

1. Verhoging van die sigbaarheid van die onafhanklikheidsbeweging deur die vertoon van Kaapse onafhanklikheidsimbole soos die voorgestelde Kaap van Goeie Hoop / Kaapse Republiek-vlag te bevorder en te fasiliteer.
2. Loots van 'n 'PR'-veldtog om die hoeveelheid mediadekking wat aan Kaapse onafhanklikheid geskenk word, te verhoog.
3. 'n Politieke veldtog te voer om belangrike politieke partye se standpunte oor Kaapse onafhanklikheid te beïnvloed.
4. Ondersteuning te bied aan ander groepe wat Kaapse onafhanklikheid op 'n vreedsame en wettige wyse nastreef.



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Hoe kan u help?

Meer as enige iets anders is Kaapse onafhanklikheid 'n beweging van die mense en elke bydrae wat u kan lewer sal opreg verwelkom word.

Sommige van die maniere waarop u kan help is:

1. Word self 'n voorstander van onafhanklikheid en versprei die woord.
2. Word 'n aktivis en registreer op ons databasis, sodat ons u kan inlig oor opkomende geleenthede. Mobiliseer ander mense om dieselfde te doen.
3. Skenk: dra finansieel by sodat ons selfs meer effektief kan word.
4. Help ons met hulpbronne tot u beskikking - byvoorbeeld 'n gratis advertensiebord op u grond, 'n funksie-lokaal om vergaderings by te hou, 'n afsetpunt om ons goedere te verkoop, ens.
5. Bied u professionele kundigheid op u gebied aan vir ons veldtog.
6. Gebruik u netwerk en stel ons voor aan hoëprofiel of invloedryke individue wat simpatiek sal wees teenoor ons saak.

Ons verbintenis

Ons groep is daartoe verbind om op demokratiese, wettige en vreedsame wyse onafhanklikheid te verkry vir die kollektiewe mense van die (Wes-) Kaap.



isiXhosa - Iqela leNkxaso kwiNkululeko yeKapa

Isibhengezo

Singoobani?

Ndikhathazekile ngekamva leentsapho zethu, izihlobo zethu kunye nabantu esihlala nabo, abahlali abaxhalabileyo abavela kwiindawo ezininzi zobomi, nakwezopolitiko, bamanyene kwisigqibo esiqhelekileyo sokuba amandla ezopolitiko asetyenzisiweyo kubantu base Kapa kufuneka, kuqala, abe abonyulwe, kwaye banokuphendula, abanyuli be-Kapa hayi urhulumente wase Mzantsi Afrika, iKapa elingabalulekanga kuye.

Njengabantu senza igalelo kubuchule bethu bobungcali, kwaye kwiimeko ezininzi izixhobo zokuzimela, ukulandela ukuzimela kweKholeji, sikholelwa ngokuqinisekileyo ukuba iya kubanikezela ubomi obungcono kubo bonke abemi base Kapa nokuba ngabaluphi na uhlanga, inkolo okanye inkcubeko yabo, Sisonke sakha 'Cape Independence Advocacy Group/iQela loKhuthazo lweNkululeko yeCape'.

Zeziphi iingxaki esizama ukuzisombulula?

Idemokrasi yethu yaphukile. Ngokwenkcazo yedemokhrasi ifuna urhulumente anyulwe, kwaye alawule, ngemvume yabantu.

Ukusukela ngonyaka we-1994 kuphela kweqela elinye lezopolitiko elalilawula uMzantsi Afrika, kwaye ke ngoko ngokongezwa, i (Western) Cape. Ngeli xesha iqela lezopolitiko, i-ANC, ayikaze ixhaswe sisininzi sabavoti baseCape (50% + 1). Ngokwangoku balawula iKapa ukusuka ePitoli ngama-28,6% evoti, kwaye umyinge wama-35% evoti ukusukela ngo-1994.

Olunye uvavanyo lubonisa ubungqangi bale ngxaki ngaphezu kwayo nayiphi na enye; Ukuba iKapa livote ngokungaviswanga kulo naliphi na iqela lezopolitiko ngaphandle kwe-ANC ngalo lonke unyulo, ngekhe itshintshe iziphumo zawo, kwaye i-ANC isazoyilawula iKapa nge-0% yeevoti. Ngokukhanya koku, abantu base Kapa abanayo idemokhrasi yokwenene kuba iminqweno yethu ayisebenzi kwinkqubo yonyulo kwaye urhulumente wethu wesizwe unyulwe ngaphandle kwethu, kunokuthi onyulwe sithi.

Oku kusilela kwedemokrasi yokwenyani ayisiyonto eyimfihlelo yentanda-bulumko, kube neziphumo ezibi ebantwini baseKapa. Urhulumente we-ANC esinganyulanga usebenzise amandla akhe ngokokujongela phantsi, ukubekela ecaleni nokubandlulula abantu base Kapa. Ayisiyiyo nje i-ANC eyenze imigaqo-nkqubo engalunganga yezoqoqosho eye yalonakalisa uqoqosho lwethu, isishiyile nathi sineqondo eliphakamileyo lokungabikho kwemisebenzi kunye namazinga asezantsi emfundo kwihlabathi, kwaye ishiya izigidi ukuba ziphile ngokucinezela ubuhlwempu, bacinezela ngabom uninzi lwabantu Abemi base Kapa ngokwesiseko sohlanga lwabo, ngamanye amaxesha, njengoko inkundla yomgaqo-siseko ngokwayo isitsho, ngokuchasene nemithetho yayo yobuhlanga, imithetho engazange ixhaswe ngabemi base Kapa.



Zeziphi izisombululo esizicebisayo?

Injongo yethu kukuseka ulawulo lwentando yesininzi e-Kapa, ukunika amandla ezopolitiko kubantu base-Kapa kwaye bawasuse ePitoli. Ngokomthetho eli lungelo esilifunayo libizwa ngokuba 'kukuzimisela' Ukubuyisa amandla ezopolitiko kubantu base Kapa sizibophelele ekufumaneni uluvo, apho wonke umntu obhalisele ukuvota eKapa uza kuvota, ebuza abantu baseKape ukuba bangathanda ukuhlala njengenxalenye yoMzantsi Afrika balawulwe ePitoli, okanye bangathanda bahlukane noMzantsi Afrika bamisele ilizwe elitsha elizimeleyo, iKapa leThemba eliHle, abaya kuthi emva koko bazilawule ngokwabo.

Njengeqela asiphakamisi imigaqo-nkqubo ethile engaphaya kokunikeza amandla abantu base-Kapa, abantu base-Kapa ngokwabo kufuneka banyule iinkokeli zopolitiko eziza kulawula i-Kapa zenze izigqibo njengabameli babo.

Siya kuthi, njengoko kufuneka ngokomthetho kusekwe ilizwe elitsha, siza kuphuhlisa 'uMthetho waMalungelo' ngokudibana namanye amaqela afuna inkululeko ye-Cape.

Ngaphakathi kuyo kuya kubakho ukwala ngokupheleleyo ubuhlanga kuzo zonke iindlela, kubandakanya nokuhlulwa kwabantu ngokobuhlanga, nangawo nawuphi na umgaqo-nkqubo oya kubekwa kolo hlulo. Iza kubandakanya umgaqo-nkqubo wokungena kwabantu, ohambelana nezithethe zamanye amazwe kunye nezona ndlela zibalaseleyo, eziya kuthi ziqinisekise ukuba ukuphakanyiswa kwabemi base-Capethi kubekwa phambili, ngelixa ukufuduka kwabo ngaphakathi kulawulwa kwaye kuthintelwe kwabo banokuthi babe negalelo kuphuhliso nentlalo-ntle yethu ilizwe.

Siceba njani ukufezekisa uvavanyo-zimvo ngokuzimela?

Isicwangciso seqela lethu kukwazisa ukuba inkululeko ye-Kapa yinto enokwenzeka kwaye nokukhuthaza izibonelelo zevoti 'yekhefu'. Oku siza kukwenza ngeendlela ezine:

1. Ukwandisa ukubonakala kwentshukumo yenkululeko ngokukhuthaza kunye nokwenza lula ukubonakaliswa kweempawu zeNkululeko zaseKapa ezifana neKapa Yethemba elihle-Bendera
2. Qhuba iphulo le-PR ukwandisa inani leendaba ezisasazwa kwi-Uhuru yaseCape
3. Ukuqhuba iphulo lezopolitiko elifuna ukuphembelela kwizikhundla ezibekwe ngamaqela aphambili ezopolitiko kwi-Uhuru yaseKapa
4. Xhasa amanye amaqela afuna inkululeko yonxweme lwaseKapa ngeendlela zoxolo nezisemthethweni

Unganceda njani?

Ngaphezu kwayo yonke enye into iCandelo le-Independent liya kuba yintshukumo yabantu kwaye lonke igalelo onalo liya kwamkeleka kakhulu.

Ezinye zeendlela onokuthi uncede ngazo zezi:

1. Yiba ngummeli wenkululeko ngokwakho kwaye usasaze igama.
2. Yiba yintshutshisi kunye nerejista kuluhlu lwethu lokuposa kunye neenkukacha zethu ukuze sikwazise malunga nemicimbi ezayo. Hlanganisa abanye abantu ukuba benze okufanayo.
3. Nikezela-Sixhase ngemali ukuze sibe nokuphumelela ngakumbi.



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4. Sibonelele ngezixhobo ezinokunceda-- Isiza sebhaybhile yasimahla kumhlaba wakho, indawo ekuqhutywa kuyo iintlanganiso, indawo yokuthengisa ukuthengisa izinto zethu, njl.
5. Nikezela ngobungcali bakho kwicandelo lakho kwiphulo lethu.
6. Ukunyusa inethiwekhi yakho kwaye usazise kubantu abanempembelelo abanokubonakalisa uvelwano kwisizathu sethu.

Ukuzibophelela kwethu

Iqela lethu lizibophelele kulawulo lwentando yeninzi, ngokomthetho, nangokuthula, ngokukhululekileyo nangokuzimeleyo. Ngenxa yabantu abadityanisiweyo beNtshona Koloni./ , i (Western) Cape