

# 43xx Series Alloys

## Safety Data Sheet

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Identification

Product name : 43xx Series Alloys

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Manufacturing

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Magellan Corporation  
1650 Lake Cook Rd.  
Deerfield, IL 60015

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 847-205-1155

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Note: Steel products in their solid state under normal conditions, do not present an inhalation, ingestion or skin hazard. However, operations resulting in fume or particulate formation such as welding, sawing, brazing, grinding and machining may present health hazards. Molten steel also is hazardous. The following classification applies to steel processing.

#### GHS US classification

Skin Sens. 1 H317  
Carc. 1B H350  
STOT RE 1 H372

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



GHS07

GHS08

Signal word (GHS US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) :

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction  
H350 - May cause cancer  
H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS US) :

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.  
P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.  
P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace  
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water  
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.  
P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label)  
P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
P405 - Store locked up.  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation

#### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

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### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

## SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Iron oxide (Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )	(CAS-No.) 1309-37-1	96 - 99	Not classified
Nickel	(CAS-No.) 7440-02-0	1.5 - 2	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT RE 1, H372
Chromium	(CAS-No.) 7440-47-3	0.4 - 0.9	Not classified
Manganese	(CAS-No.) 7439-96-5	0.4 - 0.8	Not classified
Carbon	(CAS-No.) 7440-44-0	0.1 - 0.5	Not classified
Silicon	(CAS-No.) 7440-21-3	0.15 - 0.4	Not classified
Molybdenum	(CAS-No.) 7439-98-7	0.2 - 0.3	Not classified
Aluminum	(CAS-No.) 7429-90-5	0.01 - 0.06	Not classified
Sulfur	(CAS-No.) 7704-34-9	0.001 - 0.04	Skin Irrit. 2, H315
Phosphorus elemental	(CAS-No.) 7723-14-0	0.001 - 0.04	Not classified

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation	: Move to fresh air. If not breathing, administer artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Flush eyes with plenty of water or saline for at least 15 minutes. If irritation develops, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Never give fluids or induce vomiting if the victim is unconscious or having convulsions. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Dusts may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and lungs. Excessive inhalation of metallic fumes and dusts may result in metal fume fever, an influenza-like illness. It is characterized by a sweet or metallic taste in the mouth, accompanied by dryness and irritation of the throat, cough, shortness of breath, pulmonary edema, general malaise, weakness, fatigue, muscle and joint pains, blurred vision, fever and chills. Typical symptoms last from 12 to 48 hours.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Dusts or particulates may cause mechanical irritation due to abrasion. Coated steel may cause skin irritation in sensitive individuals (see Section 16 for additional information.) Some components in this product are capable of causing an allergic reaction, possibly resulting in burning, itching and skin eruptions. Contact with heated material may cause thermal burns.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Dusts or particulates may cause mechanical irritation including pain, tearing, and redness. Scratching of the cornea can occur if eye is rubbed. Fumes may be irritating. Contact with the heated material may cause thermal burns.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Not expected to be acutely toxic via ingestion based on the physical and chemical properties of the product. Swallowing of excessive amounts of the dust may cause irritation, nausea, and diarrhea.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Use Class D extinguishing agents on dusts, fines or molten metal. Use coarse water spray on chips and turnings.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard	: Small chips, turnings, dust and fines from processing may be readily ignitable.
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Explosion hazard : Dust or fines dispersed in the air can be explosive. Even a minor dust cloud can explode violently. Chips, dust or fines in contact with water can generate flammable/explosive hydrogen gas. Hydrogen gas could present an explosion hazard in confined or poorly ventilated spaces. Fines and dust in contact with certain metal oxides (e.g., rust). Molten metal in contact with water/moisture or other metal oxides (e.g., rust). Moisture entrapped by molten metal can be explosive.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protection during firefighting : Firefighters should wear full protective gear.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

None.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : No special measures required.

Methods for cleaning up : Fine turnings and small chips should be swept or vacuumed and placed into appropriate disposable containers. Keep fine dust or powder away from sources of ignition. Scrap should be reclaimed for recycling. Prevent materials from entering drains, sewers, or waterways. Discard any product, residue, disposable container or liner in full compliance with federal, state, and local regulations.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Avoid generating dust. Avoid contact with sharp edges or heated metal. If processing of these products includes operations where dust or extremely fine particulate is generated, obtain and follow the safety procedures and equipment guides contained in National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) guidelines. Cover and reseal partially empty containers. Use non-sparking handling equipment. Provide grounding and bonding where necessary to prevent accumulation of static charges during dust handling and transfer operations. Local ventilation and vacuum systems must be designed to handle explosive dusts. Dry vacuums and electrostatic precipitators must not be used. Avoid all ignition sources. Good housekeeping practices must be maintained.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Product should be kept dry.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particulate matter)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume) 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust) 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	2500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust and fume)
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (dust and fume)
Carbon (7440-44-0)		
Not applicable		
Sulfur (7704-34-9)		
Not applicable		

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Chromium (7440-47-3)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable particulate matter)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Aluminum (7429-90-5)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particulate matter)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust) 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust) 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)
Manganese (7439-96-5)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particulate matter) 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable particulate matter)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Molybdenum (7439-98-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable particulate matter) 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particulate matter)
IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Silicon (7440-21-3)		
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust) 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust) 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)
Phosphorus elemental (7723-14-0)		
Not applicable		
Nickel (7440-02-0)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable particulate matter)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.015 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Local exhaust and general ventilation must be adequate to meet exposure standards.
Hand protection	: Wear impervious gloves to avoid repeated or prolonged skin contact with residual oils and to avoid any skin injury.
Eye protection	: Wear safety glasses/goggles to avoid eye contact.
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	: If airborne concentrations are above the applicable exposure limits, use NIOSH approved respiratory protection.
Thermal hazard protection	: Personnel who handle and work with <b>molten metal</b> should utilize primary protective clothing like face shields, fire resistant tapper's jackets, leggings, spats and similar equipment to prevent burn injuries. In addition to primary protection, secondary or day-to-day work clothing that is fire resistant and sheds metal splash is recommended for use with molten metal.
General	: Minimize breathing <b>oil vapors and mist</b> . Remove oil contaminated clothing; launder or dry-clean before reuse. Remove oil contaminated shoes and thoroughly clean and dry before reuse. Cleanse skin thoroughly after contact, before breaks and meals, and at the end of the work period. Oil coating is readily removed from skin with waterless hand cleaners followed by a thorough washing with soap and water.

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### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Solid
Appearance	: Bar
Color	: Grey-black metallic
Odor	: Odorless
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: Generally 2400-2800°F
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Explosive limits	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: No data available
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Specific gravity	: 7.5 - 8.5
Solubility	: No data available
Log Pow	: No data available
Self ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available

#### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions of use, storage, and transportation as shipped.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Steel at temperatures above the melting point may liberate fumes containing oxides of iron and alloying elements. Avoid generation of airborne fume.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Reacts with strong acids to form hydrogen gas. Do not store near oxidizers.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Metallic fumes may be produced during welding, burning, grinding, and possibly machining.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

##### General Product Information

The primary component of this product is iron. Long-term exposure to iron dusts or fumes can result in a condition called siderosis which is considered to be a benign pneumoconiosis. Symptoms may include chronic bronchitis, emphysema, and shortness of breath upon exertion. Penetration of iron particles in the skin or eye may cause an exogenous or ocular siderosis which may be characterized by a red-brown pigmentation of the affected area. Ingestion overexposures to iron may affect the gastrointestinal, nervous, and hematopoietic system and the liver.

When this product is welded, fumes are generated. Welding fumes may be different in composition from the original welding product, with the chief component being ordinary oxides of the metal being welded. Chronic health effects (including cancer) have been associated with the fumes and dusts of individual component metals (see above), and welding fumes as a general category have been listed by IARC as a carcinogen (Group 2B). There is also

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limited evidence that welding fumes may cause adverse reproductive and fetal effects. Evidence is stronger where welding materials contain known reproductive toxins, e.g., lead which may be present in the coating material of this product.

Breathing fumes or dusts of this product may result in metal fume fever, which is an illness produced by inhaling metal oxides. These oxides are produced by heating various metals including magnesium, manganese, chromium, aluminum, and iron. This product may contain small amounts of manganese. Prolonged exposure to manganese dusts or fumes is associated with "manganism", a Parkinson-like syndrome characterized by a variety of neurological symptoms including muscle spasms, gait disturbances, tremors, and psychoses.

This product may contain small amounts of chromium. Prolonged and repeated overexposure to chromium dusts or fumes may cause skin ulcers, nasal irritation and ulceration, kidney damage and cancer of the respiratory system. Chromium is skin sensitizer. Cancer is generally attributed to the hexavalent (+6) form of chromium which is listed as a carcinogen by NTP and IARC (Group 1).

This product may contain small amounts of nickel. Prolonged and repeated contact with nickel may cause sensitization dermatitis. Inhalation of nickel compounds has caused lung damage as well as sinus, nasal and lung cancer in laboratory animals. Nickel is a listed carcinogen by NTP and IARC.

Acute toxicity : Not classified

<b>Iron oxide (Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) (1309-37-1)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	> 10000 mg/kg

<b>Carbon (7440-44-0)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	> 10000 mg/kg

<b>Sulfur (7704-34-9)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	> 3000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 9.23 mg/l/4h

<b>Manganese (7439-96-5)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	9 g/kg
ATE US (oral)	9000000 mg/kg

<b>Silicon (7440-21-3)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	3160 mg/kg

<b>Phosphorus elemental (7723-14-0)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	3030 µg/kg
LD50 dermal rat	100 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	4.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)

<b>Nickel (7440-02-0)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	> 9000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 10.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified  
Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified  
Respiratory or skin sensitization : May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified  
Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer.

<b>Iron oxide (Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) (1309-37-1)</b>	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

<b>Chromium (7440-47-3)</b>	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

<b>Nickel (7440-02-0)</b>	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list	Yes

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified  
STOT-single exposure : Not classified  
STOT-repeated exposure : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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Aspiration hazard : Not classified

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

<b>Sulfur (7704-34-9)</b>	
LC50 fish 1	866 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])
LC50 fish 2	< 14 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])

<b>Phosphorus elemental (7723-14-0)</b>	
LC50 fish 1	0.0017 - 0.0035 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.03 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2	0.001 - 0.004 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
EC50 Daphnia 2	0.025 - 0.037 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])

<b>Nickel (7440-02-0)</b>	
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2	1.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [semi-static])
EC50 Daphnia 2	1 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

<b>Phosphorus elemental (7723-14-0)</b>	
BCF fish 1	< 200

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Not applicable

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

<b>Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<b>Carbon (7440-44-0)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<b>Sulfur (7704-34-9)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

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<b>Chromium (7440-47-3)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 µm
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %
<b>Aluminum (7429-90-5)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 % (dust or fume only)
<b>Manganese (7439-96-5)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %
<b>Molybdenum (7439-98-7)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<b>Silicon (7440-21-3)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<b>Phosphorus elemental (7723-14-0)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on the United States SARA Section 302 Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	1 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	100 lb (this material is a reactive solid, the TPQ does not default to 10000 pounds for non-powder, non-molten, non-solution form)
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 % (yellow or white)
<b>Nickel (7440-02-0)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 µm
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %

### 15.2. US State regulations

<b>Nickel (7440-02-0)</b>				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	
<b>Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)</b>				
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List				
<b>Sulfur (7704-34-9)</b>				
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List				
<b>Chromium (7440-47-3)</b>				
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List				



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### Aluminum (7429-90-5)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### Manganese (7439-96-5)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### Molybdenum (7439-98-7)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### Silicon (7440-21-3)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### Phosphorus elemental (7723-14-0)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### Nickel (7440-02-0)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List  
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List  
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

## SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-phrases:

Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H350	May cause cancer
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.*