Matthew Tiramani



CIRCLESONGS on Joseph Hardy Neesima for Alto Saxophone and Fixed Audio

Joseph Hardy Neesima, born Niijima Jō, grew up in a samurai family. He wanted to pursue an education in America, but travel outside of Japan was illegal at the time. He convinced a American ship captain to hide him on a ship on his way back to America, for if he was caught traveling outside of the country, he would be executed. He made it to America and began living with the Hardy family, changing his name to reflect this. Neesima became a minister during this time, and became an assistant and translator to the Iwakura Mission, an initiative by the Meiji government to conduct diplomacy and learn from Western territories. Neesima eventually returned to Japan and founded Doshisho University. He died in 1890, after uttering his last words, "Peace, joy, heaven."

Notation Guide



Bend freely, up and down, within the intervals of a quarter step and a whole step. Feel free to implement this type of bend on long notes throughout the seven movements, even when it is not notated.



Bend to an indeterminate pitch.



Bend starting at the note with the notehead, bending for the duration of the tied notes. In this example, the performer should bend until reaching the dotted eighth rest.



Grace notes always come before the beat.



This notehead indicates a tongue ram.

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Implement a growling effect.



Hold pitch for 5 seconds.



Large lines like these indicate that what is notated before the lines begin will resume as long as the lines last.



Notes with smaller noteheads in the sax line are cues in the audio that will help with keeping up with the audio part. Longer strings of these notes are surrounded by parenthesis to prevent confusion about what is a cue and what is to be played by the saxophonist. These cues are in written pitch so the saxophonist can play them to hear what they sound like without listening to the audio part.

About the Cadenzas

Performers may choose to create their own cadenzas. They may also modify the written ones if they desire, or if they need to compensate for certain notes that may be out of range of their saxophone model. Whatever the case may be, please keep in mind the style of the music and the dramatic implications these choices may have on the story, as well as the logistics of timing with the audio. Also, if one chooses to use the written cadenzas, they should be confident in the altissimo range and with overtones. Performers should attempt to make high notes as solid as possible.

Movement 1:

Neesima, Son of a Samurai



Movement 2:

Dreams of America



Movement 3:

The Escape to America



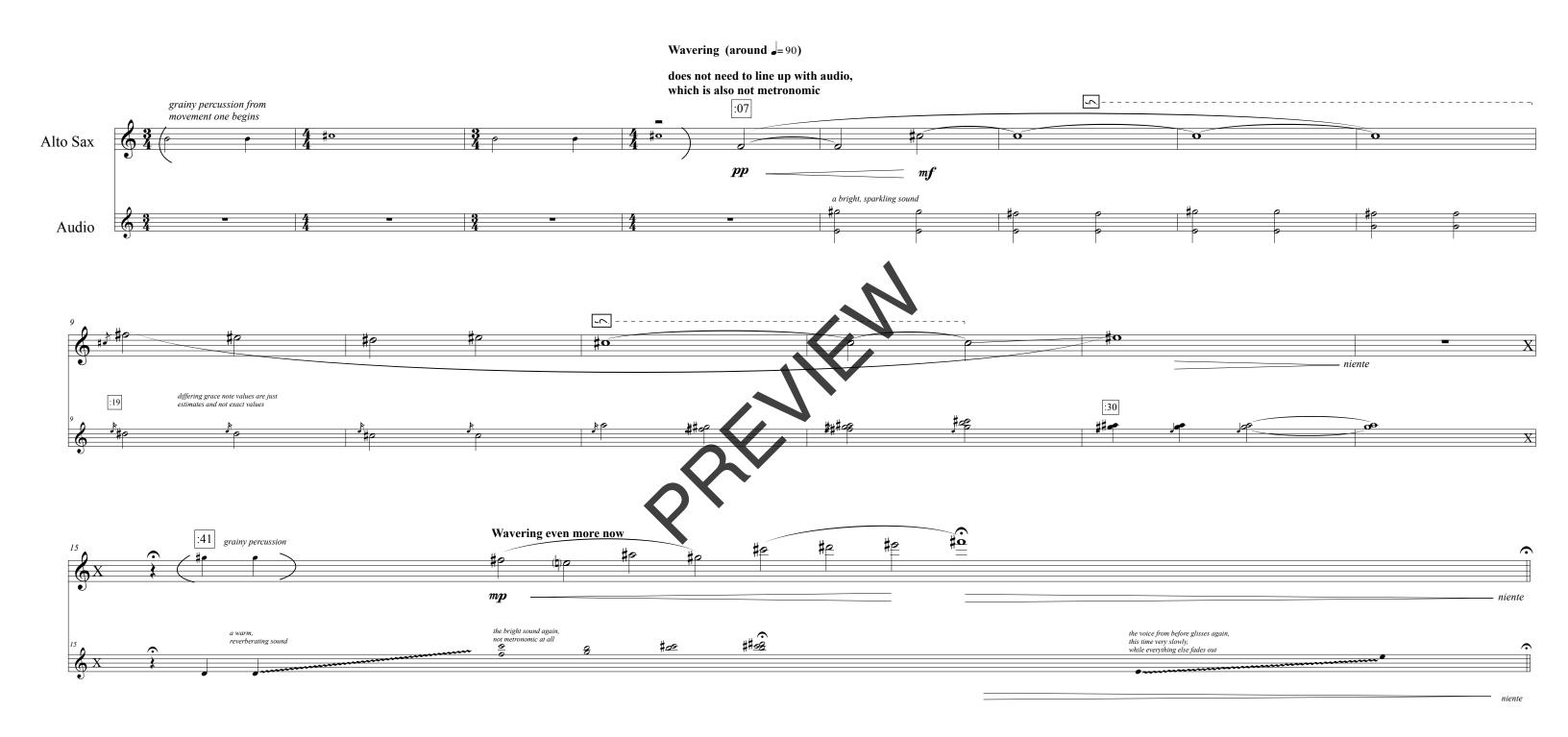
Movement 4: Land of the Free



Movement 5: Negotiating Peace



Movement 6: Peace Across Two Lands (IWAKURA)



Movement 7: Peace, Joy, Heaven

